

USER GUIDE & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Professional+ FX 90 Induction G5

SLOW BAKED LEG OF LAMB



INGREDIENTS

- 2–3 large sprigs of rosemary
- 4 large garlic cloves cut in half lengthways
- 1.8 kg leg of lamb
- 8 good quality anchovy fillets, halved
- 100 ml olive oil
- 250 ml dry red wine
- Maldon salt and freshly ground black pepper

METHOD

1. Preheat the oven to 220 °C (for a conventional oven), 200 °C (for a fan oven) or gas mark 7.
2. Pull the small sprigs off the rosemary branches and set aside with the garlic.
2. Using the tip of a paring knife, make up to 20 well-spaced cuts into the flesh of the lamb, about 2.5 cm inch deep. Divide the rosemary sprigs, garlic and anchovies and push down into the cuts. Place the leg on a large roasting tin and pour over the oil, massaging it all over the joint. Season well with salt and pepper and pour the wine and 250 ml water into the tin.
3. Put into the oven and sear for 15 minutes, then turn the temperature right down to 130 °C (conventional oven), 110 °C (fan oven) or gas mark 1 and roast for 4–5 hours, basting every 30 minutes or so. Basting frequently helps to keep the meat moist and encourages the build up of a good glaze on the outside. Add more liquid (wine or water) if the tin looks dry – there should always be liquid in the tin throughout this cooking process.
4. The meat is ready when it starts to fall off the bone, at which point it should have a core temperature of 90 °C. Remove from the oven, transfer to a warmed carving dish, cover loosely with foil and leave to rest in a warm place for 30–45 minutes before carving.
5. Pour the juices from the tin into a tall hi-ball glass and allow to settle. Spoon the fat from the top of the glass. There should be enough sticky, reduced juices for an intense gravy hit – if not, pour the juices you have back into the roasting tin and put it over the heat, pour in a splash of water or wine and deglaze the tin scraping up all the sticky bits from the base. Boil fast until syrupy, taste and correct the seasoning.

RASPBERRY SOUFFLÉ...



INGREDIENTS

- 400 g raspberries
- 1 tbsp lemon juice
- 100 g caster sugar
- 2 tsp crème de framboise
- 1 tsp cornflour
- 180 g egg whites (about 6)
- Pinch of cream of tartar or a squeeze of lemon juice
- Icing sugar for dusting

METHOD

1. For the soufflé, press the raspberries through a fine sieve to produce 180 g of purée. Put this into a heavy-bottomed pan, add the lemon juice and reduce down to a thick jam, stirring from time to time and being careful not to let it catch and burn.
2. Put 45 g of the sugar in a separate pan. Melt it and then boil until it becomes a thick syrup (121 °C on a sugar thermometer). To test without a thermometer, dip a teaspoon into the syrup and then dip quickly into cold water. You should be able to roll the cooling syrup into a ball between your fingers. Be careful as the syrup is extremely hot. When it has reached the right point, stir the hot syrup into the raspberry jam.
3. Mix the framboise and cornflour together and stir into the jam over the heat. Turn the jam into a small bowl, sprinkle the surface with icing sugar and cover with cling film.
4. Preheat the oven (not grill) to 180 °C shelf level 2 (conventional oven), 160 °C (fan oven) or gas mark 4 centre shelf.
5. Whisk the egg whites with the cream of tartar until you can form soft peaks, then fold in the remaining caster sugar. Lightly fold the whites into the jam, leaving thin traces of white visible in the mixture.
6. Spoon into four large buttered and sugared ramekins, place these on a baking tray and bake for 10 minutes.
7. Dust with icing sugar.

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1. Before You Start...

Thank you for buying a this cooker. It should give you many years of trouble-free cooking if installed and operated correctly. It is important that you read this section before you start, particularly if you have not used an induction cooker before.

⚠ CAUTION: This appliance is for cooking purposes only. It must not be used for other purposes, for example room heating. Using it for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim. Besides invalidating claims this wastes fuel and may overheat the control knobs.

⚠ This cooker is a Class 2 Subclass 1 appliance.

Installation and Maintenance

This cooker must be installed must be in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local electricity supply companies' requirements.

Make sure that the cooker is wired in and switched on.

The hob control display will flash for about 2 seconds during first power setting – this is normal.

The cooker should be serviced only by a qualified service engineer, and only approved spare parts should be used.

Always allow the cooker to cool and then switch it off at the mains before cleaning or carrying out any maintenance work, unless specified otherwise in this guide.

Peculiar Smells

When you first use your cooker it may give off a slight odour. This should stop after use.

Before using for the first time, make sure that all packing materials have been removed and then, to dispel manufacturing odours, turn the ovens to 200 °C and run for at least an hour.

Make sure the room is well ventilated to the outside air (see 'Ventilation' below). People with respiratory or allergy problems should vacate the area for this brief period.

Ventilation

The use of a cooking appliance results in the production of heat and moisture in the room in which it is installed. Therefore, make sure that the kitchen is well ventilated – keep natural ventilation holes open or install a powered cooker hood that vents outside. If you have several hotplates on, or use the cooker for a long time, open a window or turn on an extractor fan.

Personal Safety

Important information for pacemaker and implanted insulin pump users: The functions of this hob comply with the applicable European standards on electromagnetic interference. If you are fitted with a pacemaker or implanted insulin pump and are concerned please consult

your doctor for medical advice.

⚠ This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

⚠ WARNING: The appliance and its accessible parts become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements. Children less than 8 years of age shall be kept away unless continuously supervised.

⚠ NEVER wear loose-fitting or hanging clothes when using the appliance.

⚠ CAUTION: A long term cooking process has to be supervised from time to time. A short term cooking process has to be supervised continuously.

⚠ Danger of fire: DO NOT store items on the cooking surfaces.

⚠ To avoid overheating, DO NOT install the cooker behind a decorative door.

⚠ Children should be supervised to make sure that they do not play with the appliance.

⚠ DO NOT use a steam cleaner to clean the cooker.

⚠ When the hob is in use keep magnetic items, such as credit and debit cards, floppy disk, calculators, etc. away.

⚠ Accessible parts will become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Keep babies and children away from the cooker and never wear loose-fitting or hanging clothes while the appliance is in use.

⚠ Always be certain that the controls are in the OFF position when the oven is not in use, and before attempting to clean the cooker.

⚠ Take care when touching the marked cooking areas of the hob.

⚠ When the oven is on, DO NOT leave the oven door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.

Always keep combustible materials, e.g. curtains, and flammable liquids a safe distance away from your cooker.

⚠ Use dry oven gloves when applicable – using damp gloves might result in steam burns when you touch a hot surface. Do not use a towel or other bulky cloth in place of a glove – it might catch fire if brought into contact with a hot surface.

- ⚠ **DO NOT use harsh abrasive cleaners or sharp metal scrapers to clean the oven door glass since they can scratch the surface, which may result in shattering of the glass.**
- ⚠ **DO NOT spray aerosols in the vicinity of the cooker while it is on.**
- ⚠ **NEVER operate the cooker with wet hands.**
- ⚠ **DO NOT use aluminium foil to cover shelves, linings or the oven roof.**
- ⚠ **NEVER heat unopened food containers. Pressure build up may make the containers burst and cause injury.**
- ⚠ **DO NOT use unstable saucepans. Always make sure that you position the handles away from the edge of the hotplate.**
- ⚠ **Make sure to use adequately sized pans with flat bottoms that are large enough to cover the surface of the hotplate heating area. Using undersized pans will expose a portion of the hotplate surface to direct contact and may result in the ignition of clothing.**

Never leave the hotplate unattended at high heat settings. Pans boiling over can cause smoking, and greasy spills may catch on fire. Use a deep fat thermometer whenever possible to prevent fat overheating beyond the smoking point.

- ⚠ **WARNING! Unattended cooking on a hob with fat or oil can be dangerous and may result in fire.**
- ⚠ **NEVER leave a chip pan unattended. Always heat fat slowly, and watch as it heats. Deep fry pans should be only one third full of fat. Filling the pan too full of fat can cause spill over when food is added. If you use a combination of oils or fats in frying, stir them together before heating, or as the fats melt.**

Foods for frying should be as dry as possible. Frost on frozen foods or moisture on fresh foods can cause hot fat to bubble up and over the sides of the pan. Carefully watch for spills or overheating of foods when frying at high or medium high temperatures. NEVER try to move a pan of hot fat, especially a deep fat fryer. Wait until the fat is cool.

DO NOT use the top of the flue (the slots along the back of the cooker) for warming plates, dishes, drying tea towels or softening butter.

- ⚠ **DO NOT use water on grease fires and never pick up a flaming pan. Turn off the controls and then smother a flaming pan on a surface unit by covering the pan completely with a well-fitting lid or baking tray. If available, use a multipurpose dry chemical or foam-type fire extinguisher.**
- ⚠ **This appliance is heavy so take care when moving it.**

Hob Care

- ⚠ **DO NOT use the hob surface as a cutting board.**
- DO NOT leave utensils, foodstuffs or combustible items on

the hob when it is not in use (e.g. tea towels, frying pans containing oil).

- ⚠ **DO NOT place plastic or aluminium foil, or plastic containers, on the hob.**
- ⚠ **DO NOT leave the hob zones switched on unless being used for cooking.**
- ⚠ **NEVER allow anyone to climb or stand on the hob.**

DO NOT stand or rest heavy objects on the hob. Although the ceramic surface is very strong, a sharp blow or sharp falling object (e.g. a salt cellar) might cause the surface to crack or break.

- ⚠ **Should a crack appear in the surface, disconnect the appliance immediately from the supply and arrange for its repair.**

Always LIFT pans off the hob. Sliding pans may cause marks and scratches. Always turn the control to the OFF position before removing a pan.

- ⚠ **Objects such as pan lids and items with thin bases including kettles, may stick to the ceramic surface. In the unlikely event that this happens DO NOT attempt to lift or lever the item to remove, as this may cause damage to both the item and the ceramic surface. Remove objects by carefully sliding to the hob perimeter. Damage caused by incorrect removal will not be covered under the terms of the warranty.**

DO NOT place anything between the base of the pan and the hob surface (e.g. asbestos mats, aluminium foil, wok stand).

- ⚠ **Take care NOT to place metallic objects such as knives, forks, spoons and lids on the hob surface since they can get hot.**
- ⚠ **The appliance is not intended to be operated by means of external timer or separated remote-control system.**

Care should be taken that no water seeps into the appliance.

Only certain types of stainless steel, enamelled steel pans or cast iron pans with enamelled bases are suitable for induction hob cooking.

The ceramic surface should be washed after use to prevent it from becoming scratched or dirty. *However, you should clean the hob with caution as some cleaners can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface.*

DO NOT use abrasive cleaners/pads, oven aerosols/pads or stain removers on the surface.

We recommend that you avoid wiping any surface unit areas until they have cooled and the indicator light has gone off. Sugar spills are the exception to this (see 'Cleaning your Cooker'). After cleaning, use a dry cloth or paper towel to remove any cleaning cream residue.

Cooker Care

As steam can condense to water droplets on the cool outer trim of the oven, it may be necessary during cooking to wipe away any moisture with a soft cloth.

2. Overview



The induction cooker (**Fig.2-1**) has the following features:

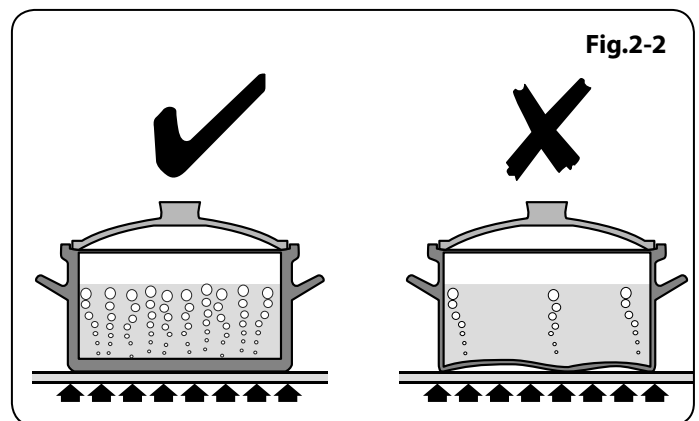
- A.** 5 induction cooking zones
- B.** A control panel
- C.** A multi-function oven
- D.** A storage drawer

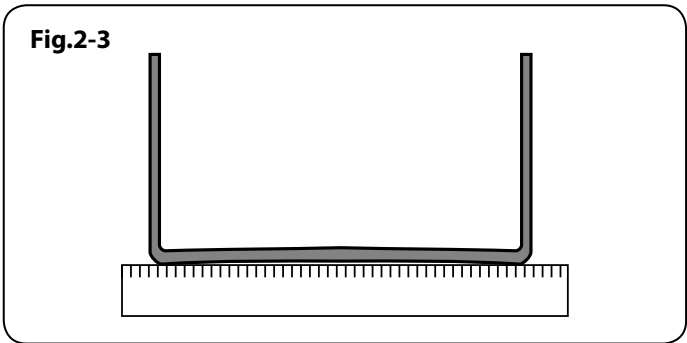
The Hob

Use only pans that are suitable for induction hobs. We recommend stainless steel, enamelled steel pans or cast iron pans with enamelled bases. Note that some stainless steel pans are not suitable for use with an induction hob so please check carefully before purchasing any cookware.

Pans made of copper, aluminium or ceramic are not suitable for use on an induction hob. The kind of pan you use and the quantity of food affects the setting required. Higher settings are required for larger quantities of food.

Pots and pans should have thick, smooth, flat bottoms (**Fig.2-2**). This allows the maximum heat transfer from the hob to the pan, making cooking quick and energy efficient. Never use a round-bottomed wok, even with a stand.

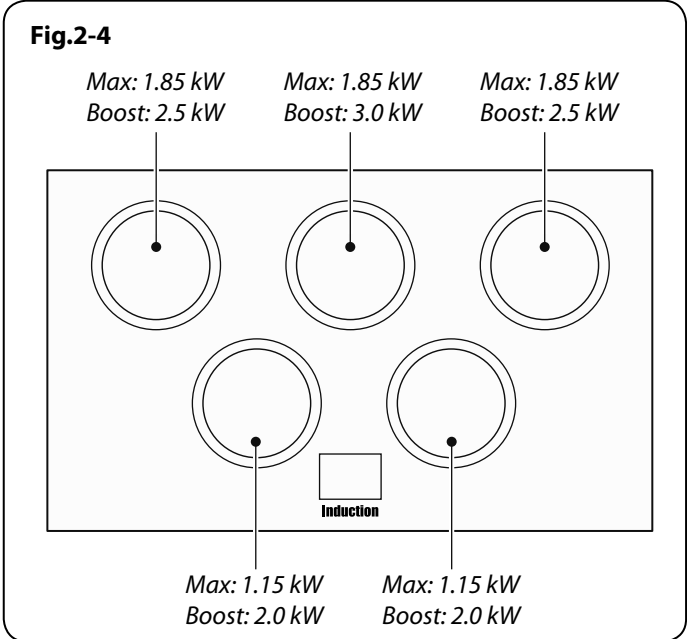




The very best pans have bases that are very slightly curved up when cold (**Fig.2-3**). If you hold a ruler across the bottom you will see a small gap in the middle. When they heat up the metal expands and lies flat on the cooking surface.

Make sure that the base of the pan is clean and dry to prevent any residue burning onto the hob panel. This also helps prevent scratches and deposits.

Always use pans that are the same size as (or slightly larger than) the areas marked on the hob. Using a lid will help the contents boil more quickly.

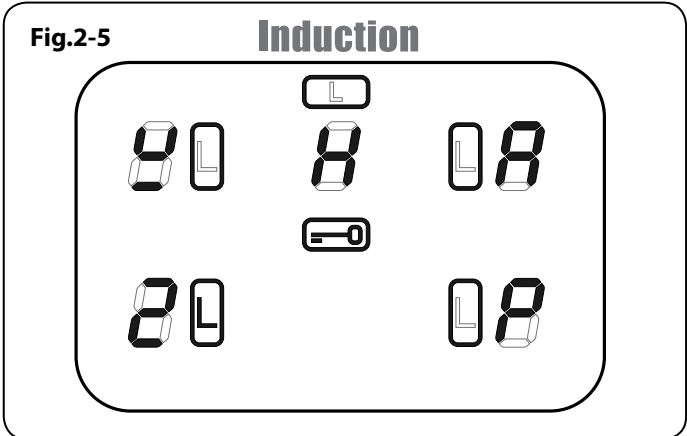








⚠ Take care when placing hot lids onto the hob surface. Lids that have been covering boiling or steaming foods can ‘stick’ to the ceramic glass. Should this occur, DO NOT attempt to lift the lid off the hotplate: this may damage the hob surface. Instead, slide the lid to the edge of the hob surface and remove.

⚠ Always take care before touching the surface, even when the hob is turned off. It may be hotter than you think!

The induction hob comprises of five cooking zones containing induction elements with different ratings and diameters (**Fig.2-4**) each with a pan detector and residual heat indicator, and a hob control display.

The hob control display (**Fig.2-5**) informs you of the following induction hob functions:



-  Pan detector
-  Residual heat indicator
-  Automatic heat-up
-  Child lock
-  Low temperature setting
-  Power boost setting

Pan Detector, 

IMPORTANT: After use, switch off the hob element by its control and **DO NOT RELY** on the pan detector.



If a cooking area is switched on and there is no pan in place or if the pan is too small for the cooking area, then no heat will be generated. The symbol  will appear on the hob control display; this is the “pan-missing symbol”. Place a pan of the correct size on the cooking area and the  symbol will disappear and cooking can begin. After 10 minutes without detecting a pan the cooking zone will switch off automatically.


Table 2-1 shows the minimum pan sizes recommended for each cooking zone.

Note: Using pans with a base diameter smaller than those recommended will result in a power reduction.

Cooking Zone	Minimum Pan Diameter (Pan Base) mm
Front left	140
Rear left	180
Centre	180
Rear right	180
Front right	140

Table 2-1

Residual Heat Indicator, 

After use, a cooking zone will remain hot for a while as heat dissipates. When a cooking zone is switched off the residual heat indicator symbol , will appear in the display. This shows that the cooking zone temperature is above 60 °C and

may still cause burns. Once the temperature has dropped to below 60 °C the [H] will go out.

Automatic Heat-up, *R*

This function is available on all of the cooking zones. It allows rapid heating up of the element to bring the selected cooking zone up to temperature. Once the zone is at the required cooking temperature the power level will reduce automatically to the preset level.

The function is selected by turning the control knob to the 'R' position. This can be selected by turning the control knob momentarily counter-clockwise from the zero position until the symbol [R] is shown on the hob control display.

Once the [R] is displayed, turn the control knob to the level of your choice (1 to 9). The pan will heat up at 100% power for a specified time before the power is reduced to the level selected.

When the Automatic Heat-up function is activated, the hob control display will flash alternately between the [R] setting and the chosen power level.

Once the automatic heat-up time has ended the hob display will stop flashing and will show the chosen power level.


The Automatic Heat-up function can be stopped by either turning the control knob back to the "0" power setting or turning the control knob to the "9" power setting.

For your guidance **Table 2-2** shows the time available at 100% power depending on the power level selected in the Automatic Heat-up mode.

Child Lock,


To prevent the unwanted use by children, the hob can be locked.

IMPORTANT: This can only be activated when all the cooking zones are switched off.

To lock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise (**Fig.2-6**) and hold until the  symbol appears in the centre of the hob control display (**Fig.2-7**).

Note: [R] will flash when locking the hob – this is normal.

Locking the hob will NOT affect the oven; it can still be used.

To unlock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise and hold until the  symbol disappears from the centre of the hob control display.

Low Temperature Setting, *L1/L2*

Each cooking area is equipped with 2 low temperature settings:

- *L1* will maintain a temperature of about 40 °C – ideal for gently melting butter or chocolate.
- *L2* will maintain a temperature of about 90 °C – ideal for simmering (bring the pan to the boil and then select *L2* to keep soups, sauces, stews, etc at an optimal simmer).

The maximum time this setting can be used is 2 hours, after which the hob will switch off automatically. If required, you

Power level	Automatic heat-up time at 100% (min:sec)
1	0:48
2	2:24
3	3:50
4	5:12
5	6:48
6	2:00
7	2:48
8	3:36
9	

Table 2-2

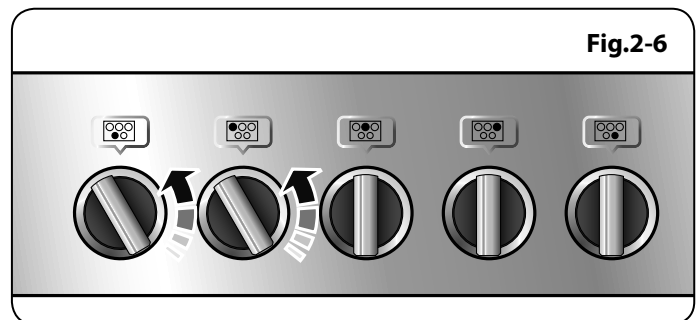


Fig.2-6

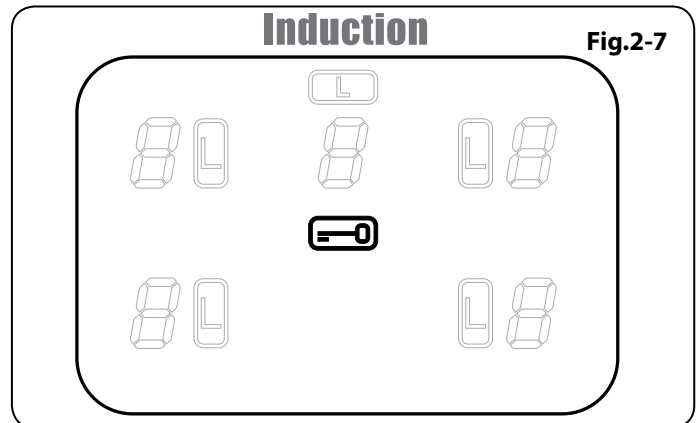
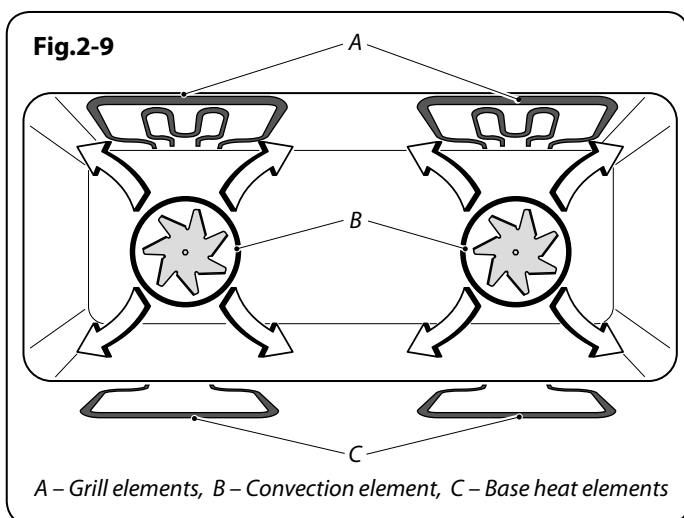
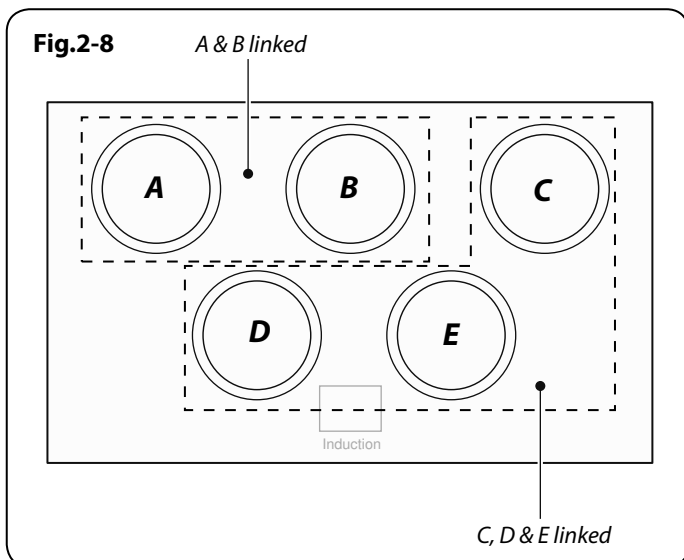


Fig.2-7



Function	Use
Defrost	To thaw small items in the oven without heat
Fan oven	A full cooking function, even heat throughout, great for baking
Fanned grilling	Grilling meat and fish with the door closed
Fan assisted	A full cooking function good for roasting and baking
Conventional oven	A full cooking function for roasting and baking in the lower half of the oven
Browning element	To brown and crisp cheese topped dishes
Base heat	To crisp up the bases of quiche, pizza or pastry

Table 2-3

can immediately restart the Low Temperature function by reactivating *L1* or *L2*.

Power Boost Setting, *P*

All of the induction cooking zones have Power Boost available, activated by turning the control knob clockwise until [*P*] is shown on the hob control display.

Power Boost allows additional power to be made available for each of the cooking zones. This is useful to bring a large pan of water to the boil quickly.

The Power Boost function operates for a maximum of 10 minutes on each zone, after which the power is automatically reduced to setting 9.

When using the Power Boost function, the cooking zones are linked.

Fig.2-8 shows the hob layout. Zones A and B are linked together as are zones C, D and E.

This means that when using zone A on Power Boost and then switching zone B to power boost, then the power to zone A will reduce slightly. The last zone switched to Power Boost always takes priority. Zones C, D and E work in the same way.

⚠ This is a built in safety device.

Deactivate the Power Boost function by turning the control knob to a lower setting.

Overheat Function

This function identifies when the temperature of the pan rises rapidly and works to maintain a safe level of pan temperature. It should not interfere with normal cooking.

Cookware with bases that become distorted (**Fig.2-2**) when heated may interfere with the operation of the Overheat Function. This may result in damage to your cookware or Induction Glass Hob.

⚠ Please remember not to leave the hob unattended. Care should be taken to not allow your cookware to boil dry. Damage to your cookware and Induction Glass Hob may result.

Please read and follow the manufacturers' instructions carefully before using cookware on your induction hob.

The Multi-function Oven

The oven is a multi-function oven (**Fig.2-9**). As well as the oven fan and fan element, they are fitted with two extra heating elements, one visible in the top of the oven and the second under the oven base. Take care to avoid touching the top element and element deflector when placing or removing items from the ovens.

The multi-function oven has 3 main cooking functions: **fan**, **fan assisted** and **conventional cooking**. These functions should be used to complete most of your cooking.

The **browning element** and **base heat** can be used in the latter part of the cooking process to fine tune the results to your particular requirements.

Use **fanned grilling** for all your grilling needs and **defrost** to

safely thaw small items of frozen food.

Table 2-3 gives a summary of the multi-function modes.

The multi-function oven has many varied uses. We suggest you keep a careful eye on your cooking until you are familiar with each function. Remember, not all functions will be suitable for all food types.

Multi-function Oven Modes (Fig.2-10)

Defrost



This function operates the fan(s) to circulate cold air only. Make sure the temperature control is at 0°C and that no heat is applied. This enables small items such as desserts, cream cakes and pieces of meat, fish and poultry to be defrosted.

Defrosting in this way speeds up the process and protects the food from contamination. Pieces of meat, fish and poultry should be placed on a shelf, over a tray to catch any drips. Be sure to wash the shelf and tray after defrosting.

Defrost with the oven door closed. Defrosting should not be carried out in a warm oven. Large items, such as whole chickens and meat roasts should not be defrosted in this way. We recommend this be carried out in a refrigerator.

Make sure that dairy foods, meat and poultry are completely defrosted before cooking.

Fan Oven



This function operates the fans and the heating element around them. An even heat is produced throughout the oven, allowing you to cook large amounts quickly.

Fan oven cooking is particularly suitable for multi-shelf cooking and is a good 'all-round' function. It may be necessary to reduce the temperature by approximately 10°C for recipes previously cooked in a conventional oven.

If you wish to preheat the oven, wait until the indicator light has gone out before inserting the food.

Fanned Grilling



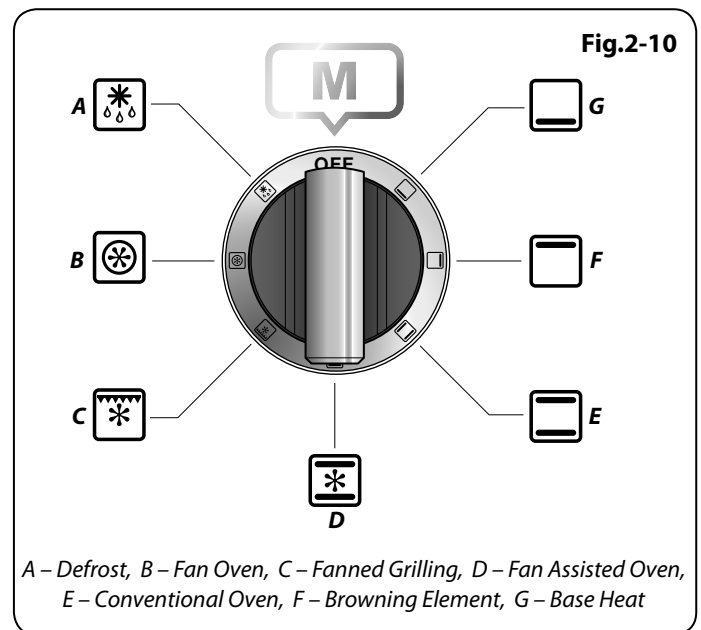
This function operates the fan while the top element is on. It produces a more even, less fierce heat than a conventional grill. For best results place the food to be grilled on the pan provided. Thick pieces of meat or fish are ideal for cooking in this way, as the circulated air reduces the fierceness of the heat from the grill. The oven door should be kept closed while cooking is in progress, so saving energy. You will also find that the food needs to be watched and turned less than for normal grilling. Preheat this function before cooking.

Note: When grilling full width, to allow sufficient access for tending foods we recommend placing the grill pan tray support on the second from top level.

Fan Assisted Oven



This function operates the fans, circulating air heated by the elements at the top and the base of the oven. The combination of fan and conventional cooking



A – Defrost, B – Fan Oven, C – Fanned Grilling, D – Fan Assisted Oven, E – Conventional Oven, F – Browning Element, G – Base Heat



WARNING!

Take great care when removing the divider **NOT** to scratch the inner glass door surface. Scratches in the glass can cause stress and may cause the door to fail.

Fig.2-11

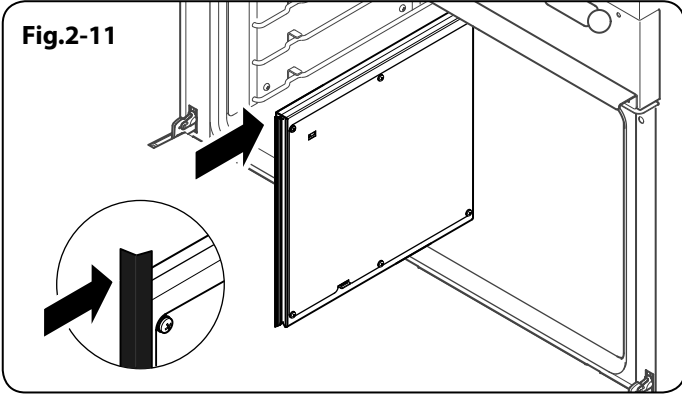


Fig.2-12

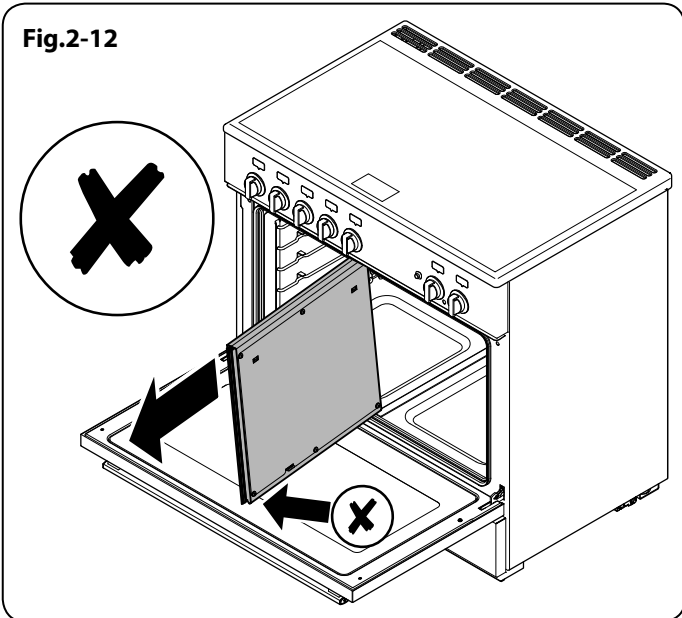
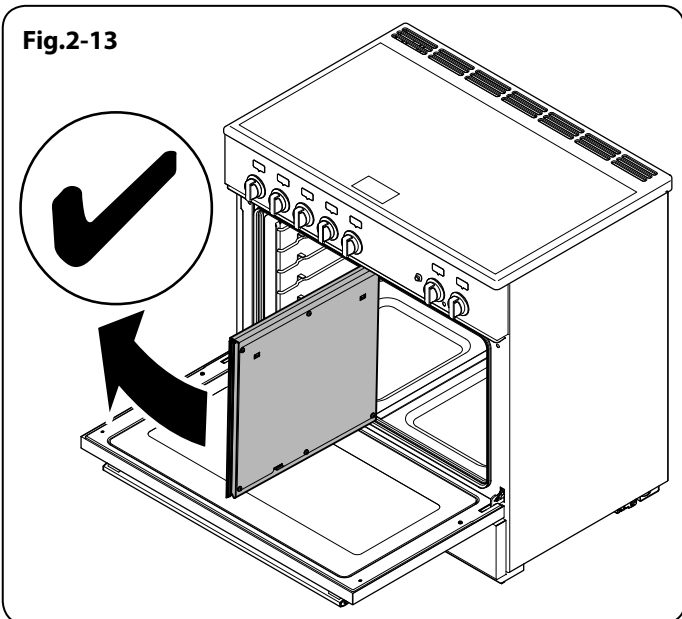


Fig.2-13



(top and base heat) makes this function ideal for cooking large items that need thorough cooking, such as a large meat roast. It is also possible to bake on two shelves at one time, although they will need to be changed over during the cooking time, as the heat at the top of the oven is greater than at the base, when using this function.

This is a fast intensive form of cooking; keep an eye on the food cooking until you are familiar with this function.

Conventional Oven (Top and Base Heat)



This function combines the heat from the top and base elements. It is particularly suitable for roasting and baking pastry, cakes and biscuits.

Food cooked on the top shelf will brown and crisp faster than on the lower shelf, because the heat is greater at the top of the oven than at the base, as in 'Fan assisted oven' function. Similar items being cooked will need to be swapped around for even cooking. This means that foods requiring different temperatures can be cooked together, using the cooler zone in the lower half of the oven and hotter area to the top.

The exposed top element may cook some foods too quickly, so we recommend that the food be positioned in the lower half of the oven to cook. The oven temperature may also need to be lowered.

Browning Element



This function uses the element in the top of the oven only. It is a useful function for the browning or finishing of pasta dishes, vegetables in sauce and lasagne, the item to be browned being already hot before switching to the top element.

Base Heat



This function uses the base element only. It will crisp up your pizza or quiche base or finish off cooking the base of a pastry case on a lower shelf. It is also a gentle heat, good for slow cooking of casseroles in the middle of the oven or for plate warming.

The Browning and Base Heat functions are useful additions to your oven, giving you flexibility to finish off items to perfection. With use, you will soon realise how these functions can combine to extend your cooking skills.

Energy Saving Panel

The oven has a divider feature (**Fig.2-11**). With this in place only one half of the oven is heated and only the right-hand side elements are used. This saves energy and is ideal for cooking most foods. When using the divider, condensation may appear in the left-hand oven – this is normal.

For very large loads, or large dishes for special occasions then the divider can be removed. This brings into use the elements on the left-hand side as well as those on the right when a function is selected.

All oven functions are available in full and divided forms and shelves are provided for use in both forms.

⚠ WARNING!
 Take great care when removing the divider **NOT** to scratch the inner glass door surface. Scratches in the glass can cause stress and may cause the door to fail.

Removing the Divider

⚠ Make sure the cooker is cool before attempting to remove the divider.

Fully open the door and remove the oven shelves. When removing the divider, tilt it slightly upwards and grip the underside to prevent the metal base making contact with the door glass (**Fig.2-12** and **Fig.2-13**).

Note: We recommend that you place a tea towel or similar on the door glass before removing the divider. This should prevent the door inner from scratching.

DO NOT place or slide metallic objects, including cookware, on the door glass as this may cause scratching and subsequent failure to occur.

Operating the Oven

The multi-function oven has two controls: a function selector and a temperature setting knob (**Fig.2-14**).

Turn the function selector control to a cooking function. **Fig.2-15** shows the control set for convectional oven cooking.

Turn the oven temperature knob to the temperature you need. The oven heating light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature you selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking as the oven maintains the selected temperature (**Fig.2-16**).

The Clock

Setting the Time of Day

The LCD clock is shown in (**Fig.2-17**). When the clock is first connected, the display flashes (0:00) and (🕒) alternately.

To set the time, turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [🕒] and at the same time turn the Adjusting knob left or right until the clock shows the time of day. Remember this is a 24-hour clock. Let go of the Timer knob and it will spring back to the vertical, oven manual setting.

IMPORTANT: The cooker will not operate unless the clock has been set.

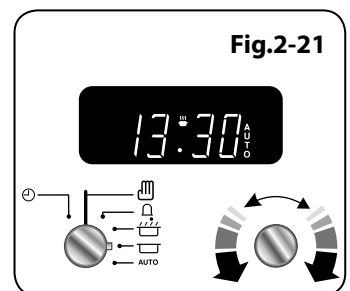
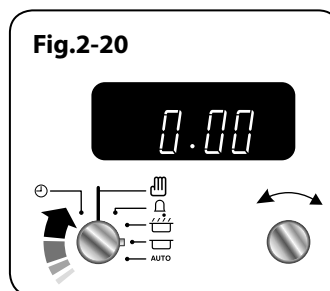
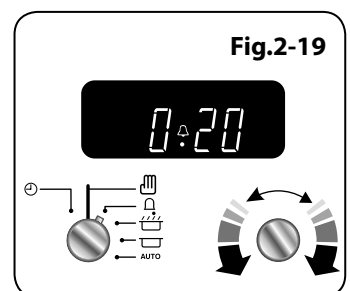
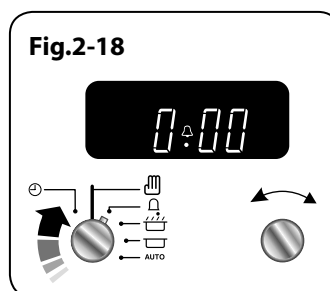
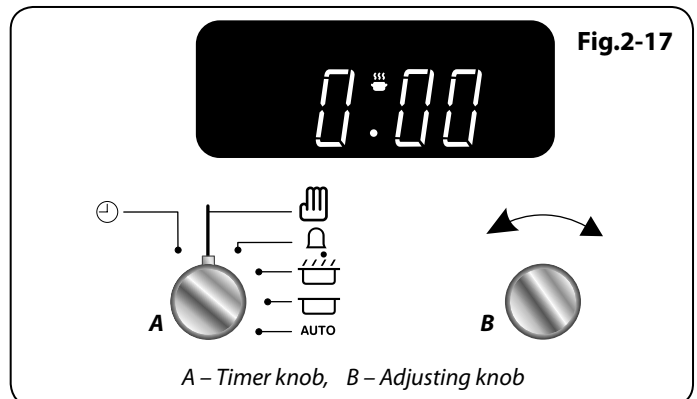
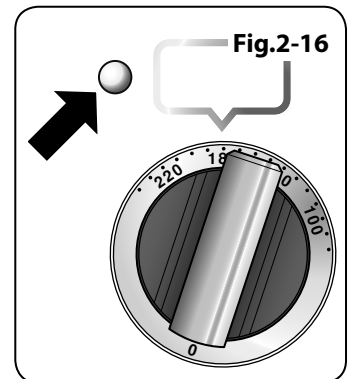
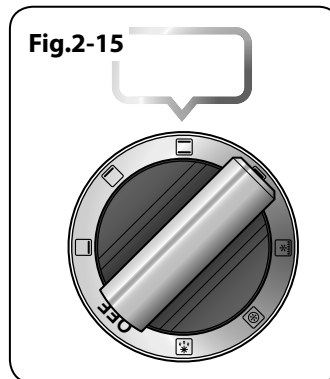
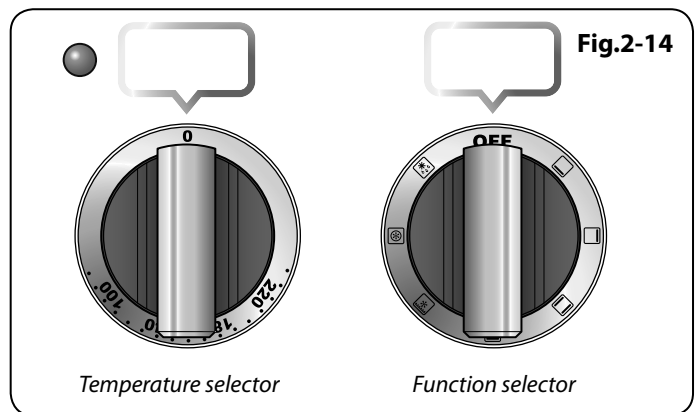
Note: When using the following functions, first set the clock as required before selecting the oven function and setting the temperature.

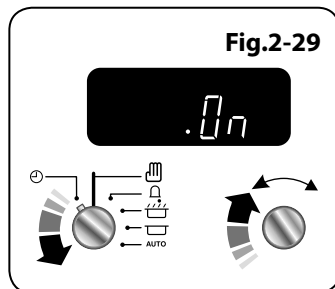
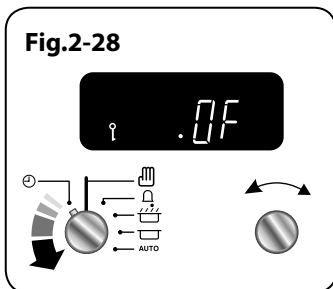
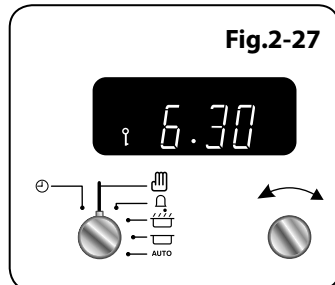
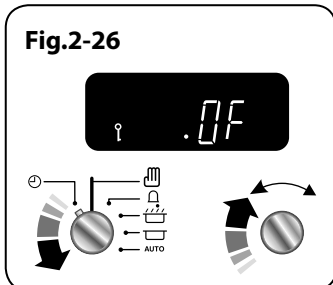
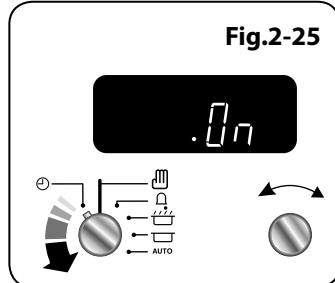
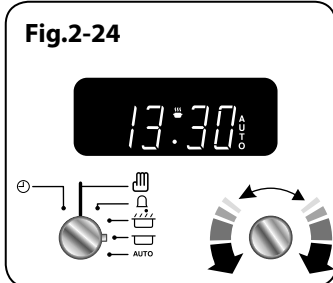
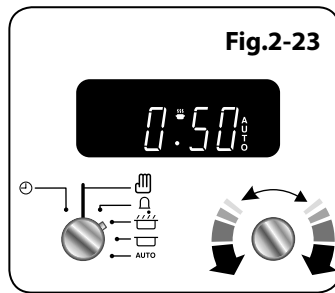
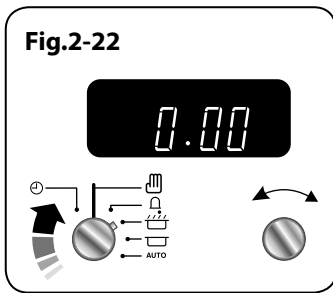
Setting the Minute Minder

To activate the minute minder turn the Timer knob to the right to the [🕒] minute minder setting – it should click into position (**Fig.2-18**).

Rotate the Adjusting knob to set the time required (**Fig.2-19**).

You can either turn the knob back to the vertical manual setting [🕒] to keep an eye on the time of day, or leave it in the [🕒] minute minder position as the time ticks down. To stop the beeper when it sounds, turn the Adjusting knob counter-clockwise.





- The *'cook period'*, which is the length of time you want the oven to cook for.
- The *'stop time'*, which is the time of day you want the oven to stop cooking.

To Stop the Oven at a Specific Time of Day

Turn the Timer knob to the [⌚] position (**Fig.2-20**).

Use the Adjusting knob to set the *'stop time'*. You can set the oven to turn on at any time over the following 24-hour period. AUTO shows in the display (**Fig.2-21**).

Turn the Timer knob to the 'AUTO' setting to return to the clock display.

Once the *'stop time'* is reached, the beeper sounds. Turn the Timer knob to the vertical [⏸] to return to manual cooking.

To Start and Then Stop the Oven Using the Timer

You cannot set a start time directly – this is set automatically by a combination of the *'cook time'* and *'stop time'*.

Turn the Timer knob to the [⌚] position (**Fig.2-22**).

Turn the Adjusting knob to set the *'cooking time'* you need (**Fig.2-23**).

Turn the Timer knob to the [⌚] position. The display will show the current time of day plus the *'cook time'* you just set. Use the Adjusting knob to set the *'stop time'* required (**Fig.2-24**).

The *'stop time'* is displayed, followed by 'AUTO'. Set the oven(s) to the cooking temperature you need. Turn the Timer knob to the 'Auto' setting.

When your cooking is finished, the beeper sounds. Turn the Timer knob to the vertical [⏸] to return to manual cooking.

If you are out, don't worry about the beeper going off – it stops on its own after a while. When you return, turn the Timer knob to the vertical [⏸] to return to manual cooking.

AUTO is Showing, But You Want to Revert to Manual Cooking

You can cancel any automatic settings by briefly turning the Timer knob to the clock symbol [⌚] and then releasing it.

Key Lock

To Activate The Key Lock

Make sure that the clock is in manual mode and cancel any active programs.

Turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [⌚] for about 8 seconds. 'On' appears on the display (**Fig.2-25**). While still holding the Timer knob turned to the clock symbol [⌚], turn the Adjusting knob clockwise until the key symbol [🔑] and 'Of' shows on the display (**Fig.2-26**). Release the knobs.

When the key lock is activated, the oven is locked and will not come on, as confirmed by the display showing the time of day alongside the key symbol [🔑] (**Fig.2-27**).

To Turn Off the Key Lock

Turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [⌚] for about 8 seconds. 'Of' will appear on the display (Fig.2-28). While still holding the Timer knob turned to the clock symbol [⌚], turn the Adjusting knob clockwise until the key symbol [🔑] goes out on the display and 'On' shows (Fig.2-29). Let go of the knobs. After a few seconds, the display reverts to showing the time of day. The oven can now be used normally.

Accessories

Oven Shelves

Each oven is supplied with:

- Two full capacity shelves (Fig.2-30)
- Grill pan tray support (Fig.2-31)
- Two grill pans with trivets (Fig.2-32)
- Three energy saving shelves (Fig.2-33)
- Four ladder shelf supports (Fig.2-34)
- And one divider (Fig.2-35)

Any shelf can be fitted in any of the positions. The oven shelves are retained when pulled forward but can be easily removed and refitted.

To Remove and Refit the Ladder Shelf Supports

Lift the ladder support hooks out of the two locating holes in the oven side (or divider) before lifting the support clear of the bottom ladder restraint.

Refit by inserting the bottom of the ladder into the restraint before fitting the hooks through the locating holes.

To Remove and Refit the Shelves

Pull the shelf forwards until the back of the shelf is stopped by the shelf support (Fig.2-36). Lift up the front of the shelf so the back of the shelf will pass between the supports and then pull the shelf forward (Fig.2-37).

Refit in the reverse order, making sure to push it fully back.

Oven Light

Press the button to turn on the oven lights.

If one of the oven lights fail, turn off the range circuit breaker before you change the bulb. See the 'Troubleshooting' section for details on how to change an oven light bulb (Fig.2-38).

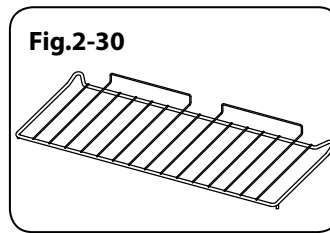


Fig.2-30

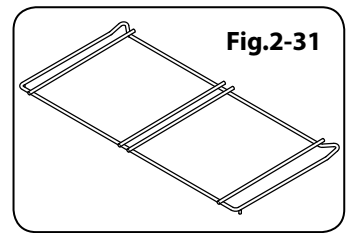


Fig.2-31

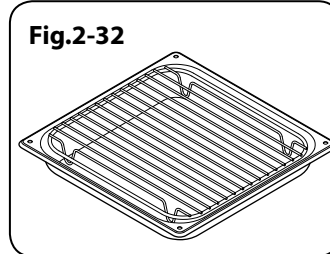


Fig.2-32

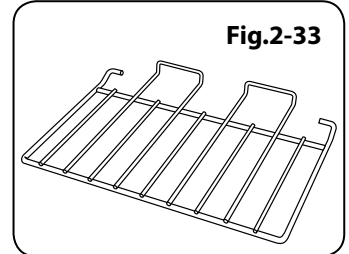


Fig.2-33

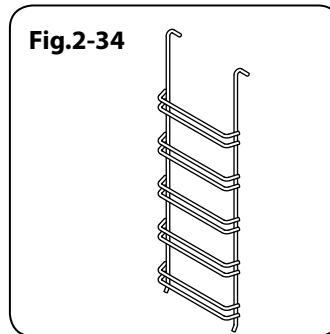


Fig.2-34

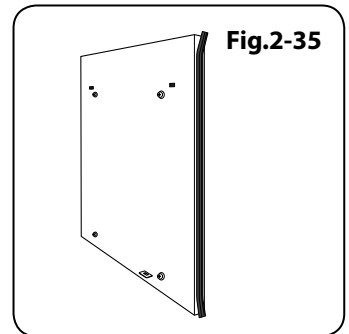


Fig.2-35

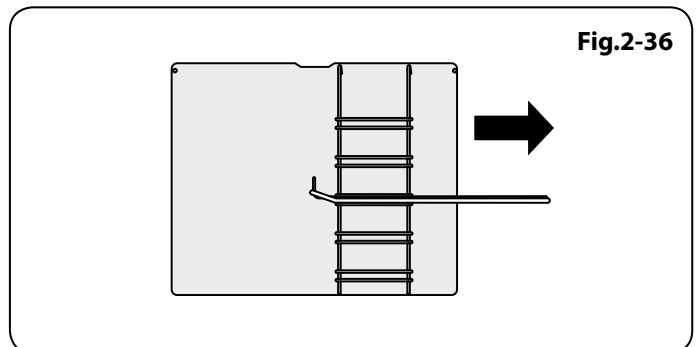


Fig.2-36

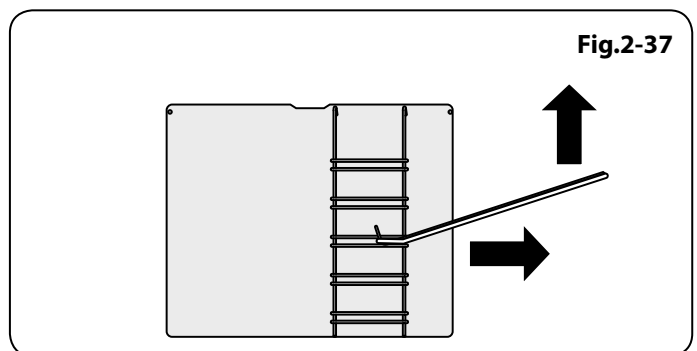


Fig.2-37

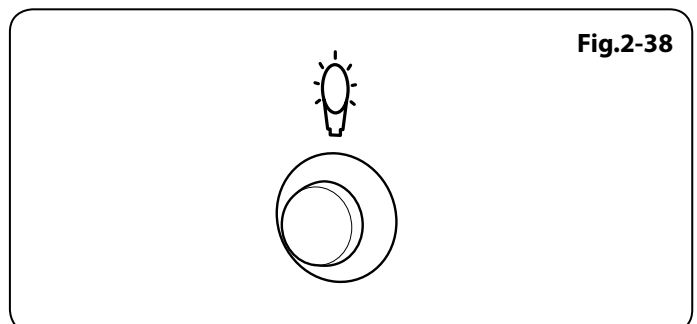
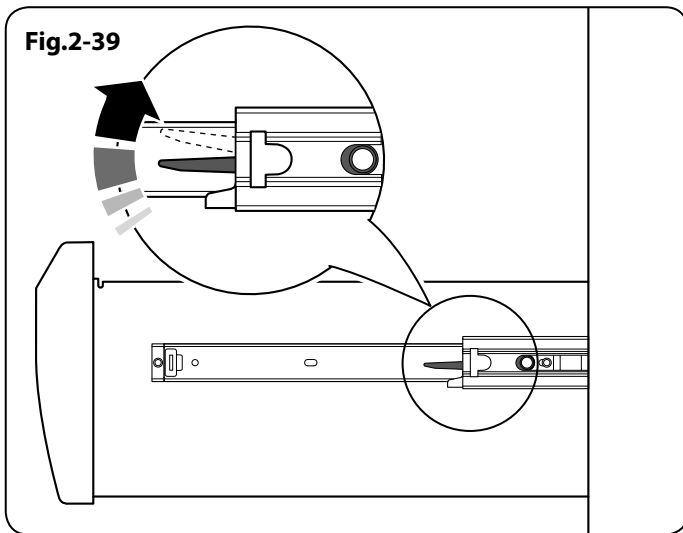


Fig.2-38



Storage

The bottom drawer is for storing oven trays and other cooking utensils.

It can get very warm, so do not store anything in it that may melt or catch fire. Never store flammable materials in the drawer. This includes paper, plastic and cloth items, such as cookbooks, plastic ware and towels, as well as flammable liquids. Do not store explosives, such as aerosol cans, on or near the appliance.

⚠ Flammable materials may explode and result in fire or property damage.

The drawer can be removed completely for cleaning, etc.

Removing the Drawer

Pull the drawer right out.

Push the ends of the plastic clips – down of the left-hand side, up on the right-hand side – to release the catches holding the drawer to the side rails (**Fig.2-39**). At the same time pull the drawer forwards and away from the side rails.

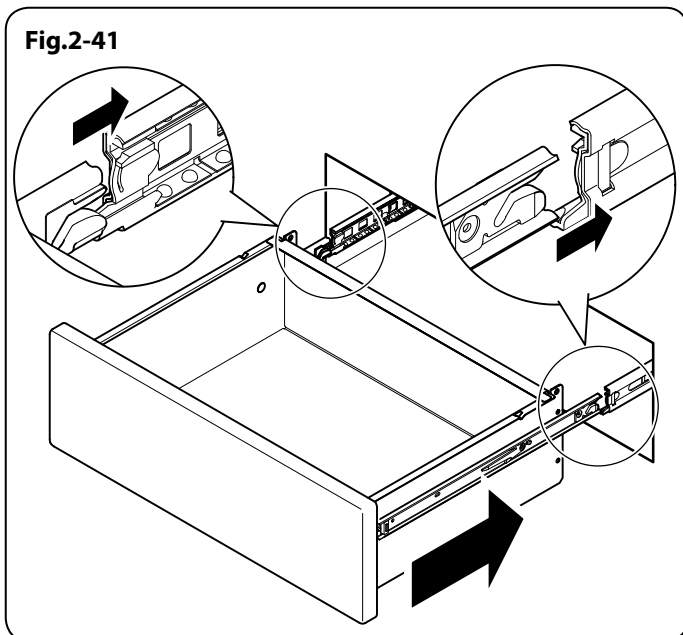
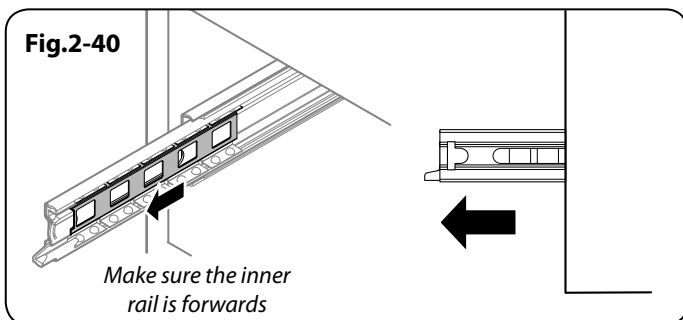
For safety's sake push the drawer rails back out of the way.

Replacing the Drawer

To replace the drawer in the cooker, pull the side rails fully out (**Fig.2-40**).

Carefully move the drawer back between the rails and rest it on the side rails (**Fig.2-41**).

Push the drawer back until the clips click into place.



3. Cooking Tips

Cooking with a Multi-function Oven

Remember: not all modes are suitable for all food types. The oven cooking times given are intended for a guide only.

Tips on Cooking with the Timer

If you want to cook more than one dish, choose dishes that require approximately the same cooking time. However, dishes can be 'slowed down' slightly by using small containers and covering them with aluminium foil, or 'speeded up' slightly by cooking smaller quantities or placing them in larger containers.

Very perishable foods such as pork or fish should be avoided if a long delay period is planned, especially in hot weather.

⚠ DO NOT place warm food in the oven to be timed.

⚠ DO NOT use a timed oven that is already warm.

Whole poultry must be thoroughly defrosted before being placed in the oven. Check that meat and poultry are fully cooked before serving.

General Oven Tips

The wire shelves should always be pushed firmly to the back of the oven.

Baking trays with food cooking on them should be placed level with the front edge of the oven's wire shelves. Other containers should be placed centrally. Keep all trays and containers away from the back of the oven, as overbrowning of the food may occur.

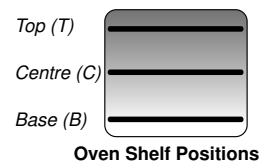
When the oven is on, do not leave the door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the knobs may get very hot.

- Always leave a "finger's width" between dishes on the same shelf. This allows the heat to circulate freely around them.
- To reduce fat splashing when you add vegetables to hot fat around a roast, dry them thoroughly or brush lightly with cooking oil.
- Where dishes may boil and spill over during cooking, place them on a baking tray.
- Sufficient heat rises out of the oven while cooking to warm plates in the grill compartment.
- If you want to brown the base of a pastry dish, preheat the baking tray for 15 minutes before placing the dish in the centre of the tray.

4. Cooking Table

The oven control settings and cooking times given in the table below are intended to be used **AS A GUIDE ONLY**. Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered to provide a preferred result.

Food is cooked at lower temperature in a fan oven than in a conventional oven. When using recipes, reduce the fan oven temperature by 10 °C and the cooking time by 5-10 minutes. The temperature in the fan oven does not vary with height in the oven so you can use any shelf.



Food	Conventional Oven	Fan Oven	Approximate Cooking Time	
	Temperature °C & (Shelf Position)	Temperature °C		
Meat				
Beef (no bone)	160 (C)	150	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	<p>Thoroughly thaw frozen joints before cooking. Meat may be roasted at 220°C (210°C for fan oven) and the cooking time adjusted accordingly.</p> <p>For stuffed and rolled meats, add approximately 10 minutes per 500g, or cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes then 160°C (150°C) for the remainder.</p>
	200 (C)	190	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	
Lamb	160 (C)	150	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	
	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	
Pork	160 (C)	150	35-40 minutes per 500g +35-40 minutes.	
	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	
Poultry				
Chicken	160 (C)	150	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	<p>For stuffed poultry, you could cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes then 160°C (150°C) for remainder. Do not forget to include the weight of the stuffing.</p> <p>For fresh or frozen prepacked poultry, follow instructions on the pack. Thoroughly thaw frozen poultry before cooking.</p>
	200 (C)	190	15-20 minutes per 500g +15-20 minutes.	
Turkey	160 (C)	150	20 minutes per 500g +20 minutes.	
	200 (C)	190	15 minutes per 500g +15 minutes.	
Duck	160 (C)	150	25-30 minutes per 500g.	
	200 (C)	190	20 minutes per 500g.	
Casserole	140-150 (C)	130-140	2-4 hours according to recipe.	
Yorkshire pudding	220 (C)	210	Large tins 30-35 minutes; individual 10-20 minutes.	
Fish				
Fillet	190 (C/B)	180	15-20 minutes.	
Whole	190 (C/B)	180	15-20 minutes per 500g.	
Steak	190 (C/B)	180	Steaks according to thickness.	
Cake				
Very rich fruit - Christmas, wedding, etc.	140 (C/B)	130	45-50 minutes per 500g of mixture.	<p>Using the conventional oven: when two tier cooking leave at least one runner space between shelves. Position the baking tray with the front edge along the front of the oven shelf.</p> <p>If cooking a two tier load, the trays should be interchanged approximately halfway through the cooking time.</p>
Fruit 180 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140	2-2½ hours.	
Fruit 230 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140	Up to 3½ hours.	
Madeira 180 mm	160 (C/B)	150	80-90 minutes.	
Queen cakes	190 (C/B)	180	15-25 minutes.	
Scones	220 (C/B)	210	10-15 minutes.	
Victoria sandwich				<p>Up to three tiers can be cooked in a fan oven at the same time but make sure to leave at least one runner space between each shelf being cooked on.</p>
180 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170	20-30 minutes.	
210 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170	30-40 minutes.	
Desserts				
Shortcrust tarts	200 (C/B)	190	20-30 minutes on a preheated tray.	
Fruit pies	200 (C/B)	190	35-45 minutes.	
Tartlets	200 (C/B)	190	10-20 minutes according to size.	
Puff pastry	230 (C/B)	220	20-40 minutes according to size.	
Meringues	100 (C/B)	90	2-3 hours.	
Baked egg custard	160 (C/B)	150	45-60 minutes.	
Baked sponge pudding	190 (C/B)	180	40-45 minutes.	
Milk pudding	140-150 (C/B)	130-140	2 to 3 hours.	
Bread	220 (C)	210	20-30 minutes.	

5. Cleaning Your Cooker

Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any major cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.

- ⚠ **NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.**
- ⚠ **DO NOT mix different cleaning products – they may react together with hazardous results.**

All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water – **but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.** Remember to switch the electricity supply back on and reset the clock before reusing the cooker.

Hob

Daily Care

First of all make sure that all heat indicator lights are off and that the cooking surface is cool. Apply a small dab of ceramic cleaning cream in the centre of each area to be cleaned. Dampen a clean paper towel and work the cream onto the cooking surface. As a final step, wipe the cooking surface with a clean, dry paper towel.

Cleaning Spills

For spills and boil-overs that occur while cooking, turn the unit off and wipe the area surrounding the hot zone with a clean paper towel. If a spill (other than a sugary substance) is on the hot zone, do not clean until the unit has completely cooled down, and then follow the instructions below (*'Cleaning Burned-on Spills'*).

If you accidentally melt anything on the surface, or if you spill foods with a high sugar content (preserves, tomato sauce, fruit juice, etc.), remove the spill **IMMEDIATELY** with a razor scraper, while the unit is still hot.

IMPORTANT: Use an oven glove to protect your hand from potential burns.

Scrape the major spill or melted material from the cooking zone and push into a cold area. Then, turn the unit 'OFF' and allow it to cool before cleaning further. After the cooking surface cools down and the heat indicator lights go off, follow the *'Daily Care'* procedure outlined above.

Cleaning Burned-on Spills

Make sure that the heat indicator lights are off and that the hob is cool. Remove the excess burned-on substance with a single-edged razor scraper. Hold the scraper at an angle of about 30° to the surface and then scrape off the burned-on matter (**Fig.5-1**).

Oven and Divider

Clean the oven and divider with a proprietary oven cleaner, suitable for enamel.

IMPORTANT: Before cleaning the divider make sure to remove the silicon sealing strip from the front edge – some oven cleaners can damage the seal. Remove the strip by gently pulling both ends to release the hooks holding it in place.

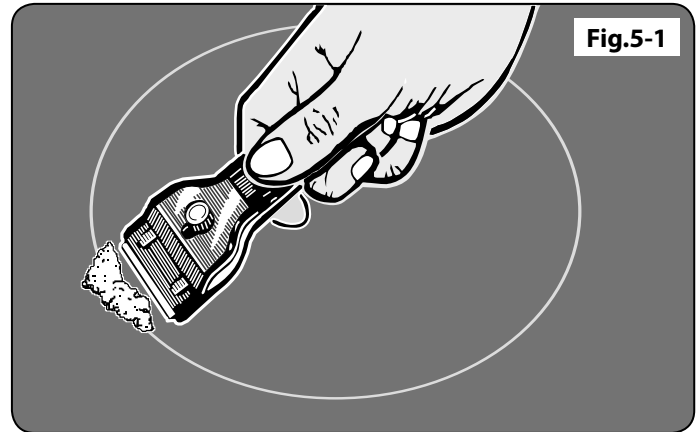


Fig.5-1

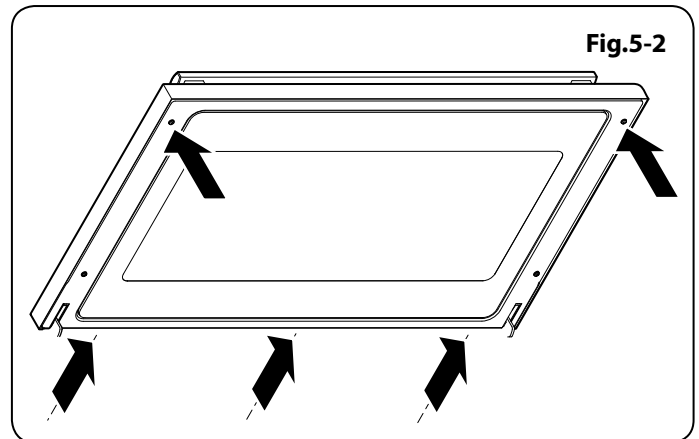


Fig.5-2

Control Panel and Oven Doors

Avoid using any abrasive cleaners including cream cleaners. For best results use liquid detergents. The control panel and control knobs should only be cleaned using a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water – but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance. Wipe with a clean dampened cloth then polish with a dry cloth. The oven doors should only be cleaned with a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water.

Removing the Oven Door Outer Panel

The outer door panel can be removed so that the inside of the glass can be cleaned. Open the door and remove the 2 screws in the inside face (**Fig.5-2**). With the door closed, remove the 3 screws in the underside of the door. Using the handle, carefully lift the door away. Refit in reverse.

Cleaning Table

Cleaners listed (**Table 5-1**) are available from supermarkets or electrical retailers as stated.

For enamelled surfaces use a cleaner that is approved for use on vitreous enamel.

Regular cleaning is recommended. For easier cleaning, wipe up any spillages immediately.

Hotplate		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Hob top	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains remove gently with a nylon scourer.
Ceramic/Induction hob	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water; cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Griddle plate (some models only)	Non-stick surface	Allow to cool. Wash in hot soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners/scourers. Dishwasher.
Warming zone (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Outside of Cooker		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Door, door surround and storage drawer exterior	Enamel or paint	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains, remove gently with a liquid detergent.
	Stainless steel	E-cloth (<i>electrical retailers</i>) or microfibre all-purpose cloth (<i>supermarket</i>).
Sides and plinth	Painted surface	Hot soapy water, soft cloth.
Splashback/rear grille	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Cream cleaner, with care, if necessary.
Control panel	Paint, enamel or stainless steel	Warm soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners on lettering.
Control knobs/handles & trims	Plastic/chrome, copper or lacquered brass	Warm soapy water, soft cloth.
	Brass	Brass polish.
Oven door glass/glass lid (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Oven and Grill		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Sides, floor & roof of oven NOT COOK & CLEAN OVEN PANELS (see below)	Enamel	Any proprietary oven cleaner that is suitable for enamel. CAUTION: CORROSIVE/CAUSTIC OVEN CLEANERS: FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. Do not allow contact with the oven elements.
Cook & Clean oven panels (some models only)	Special enamel that partly cleans itself	This surface cleans itself at 200°C and above, or the panels can be removed and washed with hot soapy water and a nylon brush.
Oven shelves, Handyrack, grill trivet, Handygrill rack (some models only)	Chrome	An oven interior cleaner that is suitable for chrome. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.
Grill pan/meat tin (some models only)	Enamel	Hot soapy water. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.

Table 5-1

6. Troubleshooting

⚠ Interference with and repairs to the hob by unqualified persons are not allowed. DO NOT try and repair the hob as this may result in injury and damage the hob. Please arrange for repair by a competent person.

Note: The induction hob is also able to self diagnose a number of problems and can display information to the user via the hob control display. Error codes may be displayed if your hob has developed a fault.

If your appliance reports an error or is not working, you may be able to rectify the fault by consulting these instructions for use.

Error code E2 is displayed

The electronic unit is too hot. Please check the installation of the cooker, make sure that there is sufficient ventilation. In extreme cases if you have allowed a cooking utensil to boil dry, this error code may also be displayed.

If in doubt, please consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code U400 is displayed

The hob/cooker has been incorrectly connected. The control will switch off after approximately 1 second and the error code will be permanently displayed.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code Er followed by a number is displayed

The appliance has developed an internal technical fault that cannot be rectified by the user.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer

The fuse blows or the RCD trips regularly

Please consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

You cannot switch your induction hob on

Has the wiring system in the house blown a fuse or tripped an RCD?

Has the hob been correctly connected to the mains supply?

Has the child lock function been activated? Please refer to the instructions for use section about this function.

Are you using suitable cookware, please refer to the instructions for use about selection of the correct cookware.

A crack has appeared in the hob surface

Disconnect the cooker immediately from the power supply and arrange for its repair. DO NOT use the cooker until after the repair.

My hob is scratched

Always use the cleaning methods recommended in this guide, and make sure that the pan bottoms are smooth and clean.

Marks from mineral deposits from water or food can be removed with a cleaning cream. However, tiny scratches are not removable but will become less visible in time as a result of cleaning.

Steam is coming from the oven

When cooking foods with a high water content (e.g. oven fries) there may be some steam visible at the rear grille. Take care when opening the oven door, as there may be a momentary puff of steam when the oven door is opened. Stand well back and allow any steam to disperse.

An oven fan is noisy

The note of the oven fan may change as the oven heats up – this is perfectly normal.

The knobs get hot when I use the oven, can I avoid this?

Yes, this is caused by heat rising from the oven, and heating them up. Do not leave the oven door open.

If there is an installation problem and I don't get my original installer to come back to fix it, who pays?

You do. Service organisations will charge for their call outs if they are correcting work carried out by your original installer. It is in your interest to track down your original installer.

Food is cooking too slowly, too quickly, or burning

Cooking times may differ from your previous oven. Check that you are using the recommended temperatures and shelf positions. See the oven cooking guide section of the instructions. The oven control settings and cooking times are intended to be used only as a guide. Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered either way, to get the results you want. Try cooking at a higher temperature setting.

The oven is not cooking evenly

If you are cooking a large item, be prepared to turn it round during cooking.

If two shelves are used, check that space has been left for the heat to circulate. When a baking sheet is put into the oven, make sure it is placed centrally on the shelf.

Check that the door seal is not damaged.

A dish of water when placed on the shelf should be the same depth all over. (For example, if it is deeper at the back, then the back of the cooker should be raised up or the front lowered.)

If the cooker is not level arrange for your supplier to level it for you.

Fig.6-1

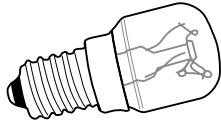
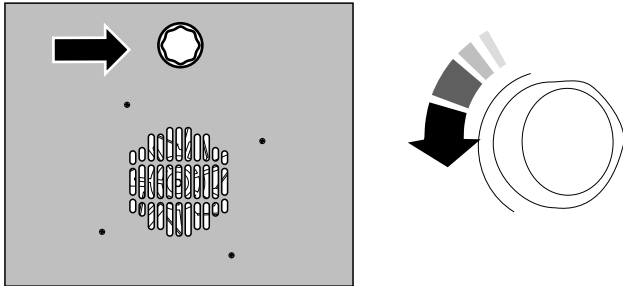


Fig.6-2



Oven not coming on

Is the power on?

If not there may be something wrong with the power supply. Is the cooker supply on at the isolator switch?

Have you set a cooking function?

The timed oven is not coming on when turned on manually

Is the power on? Is the clock illuminated? If not, there may be something wrong with the power supply. Is the cooker supply on at the isolator switch?

Has the time of day been set?

Is the key symbol [🔒] showing in the display to signify that the oven is locked? See the 'Clock' section of the instructions for more information on the key lock feature.

The timed oven is not coming on when automatic cooking

Has the oven knob been left in the OFF position by mistake? Is the oven locked (see above)?

Oven temperature getting hotter as the cooker gets older

If turning the knob down has not worked or only worked for a short time then you may need a new thermostat. This should be fitted by a service person.

An oven light is not working

The bulb has probably burnt out. You can buy a replacement bulb (which is not covered under the warranty) from a good electrical shop. Ask for a 15W 230V lamp, FOR OVENS. It must be a special bulb, heat resistant to 300°C (**Fig.6-1**).

Turn off the power at the supply. Make sure the oven is cool. Open the oven door and remove the oven shelves.

Unscrew the bulb cover by turning counter-clockwise. It may be very stiff (**Fig.6-2**). Taking care to protect your fingers in case the bulb should shatter, unscrew the old bulb.

Screw in the new bulb; screw back the bulb cover. Turn on the circuit breaker and check that the bulb now lights.

INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

7. Installation

Dear Installer

Before you start your installation, please complete the details below, so that, if your customer has a problem relating to your installation, they will be able to contact you easily.

Installer's Name
Installer's Company
Installer's Telephone Number
Appliance Serial Number

Safety Requirements and Regulations

You must be aware of the following safety requirements & regulations.

- ⚠ This cooker must be installed in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local electricity supply companies' requirements.**
- ⚠ The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well-ventilated space.**
- ⚠ Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.**

Provision of Ventilation

This appliance is not connected to a combustion products evacuation device. Therefore, particular attention must be given to the relevant requirements regarding ventilation.

All rooms require a window that can be opened, or equivalent, while some rooms require a permanent vent in addition to the window.

Location of Cooker

The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/kitchen diner but NOT in a room containing a bath or shower.

This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only. Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.

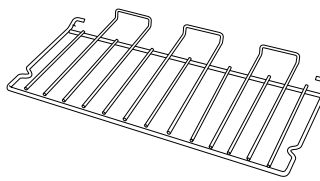
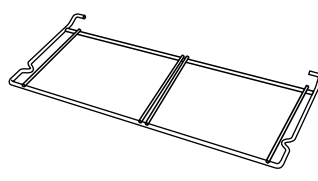
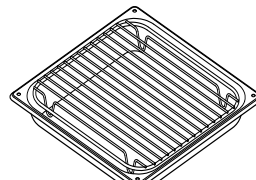
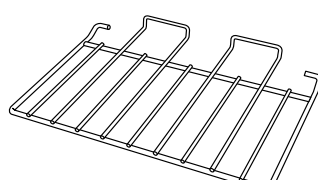
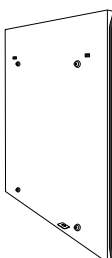
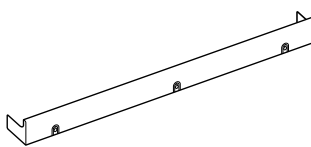
You will need the following equipment to complete the cooker installation satisfactorily:

- Stability bracket: If the cooker is to be supplied with gas through a flexible hose, a stability bracket or chain must be fitted.
These are not supplied with the cooker but are available at most builders' merchants.
- Multimeter (for electrical checks).
- Allen keys (provided in pack).

You will also need the following tools:

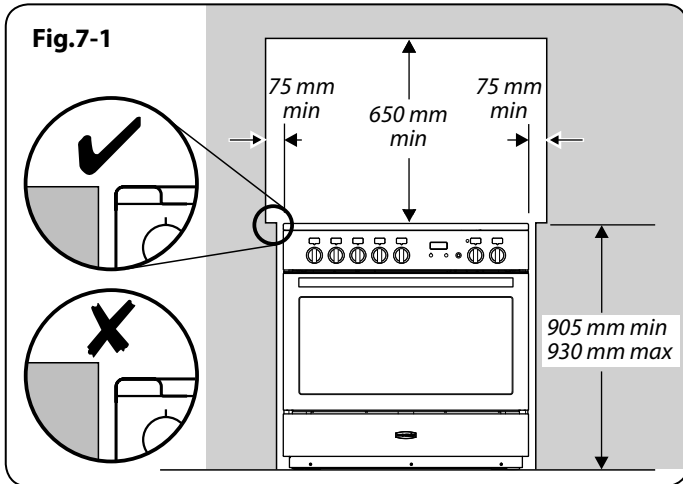
1. Electric drill
2. Masonry drill bit (only required if fitting the cooker on a stone or concrete floor)
3. Wall plugs (only required if fitting the cooker on a stone or concrete floor)
4. Steel tape measure
5. Cross head screwdriver
6. Flat head screwdriver
7. 4 mm & 3 mm Allen keys
8. Spirit level
9. Pencil
10. Adjustable spanner
11. Screws for fitting stability bracket
12. 13 mm spanner or socket wrench

Checking the parts:

<i>Full capacity shelf</i>	<i>Grill pan tray support</i>
	
<i>2 grill pans and trivets</i>	<i>2 Energy saving shelves</i>
	
<i>Divider</i>	<i>Plinth</i>
	

INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.



Positioning the Cooker

The diagrams show the minimum recommended distance from the cooker to nearby surfaces (**Fig.7-1** and **Fig.7-2**).

The cooker should not be placed on a base.

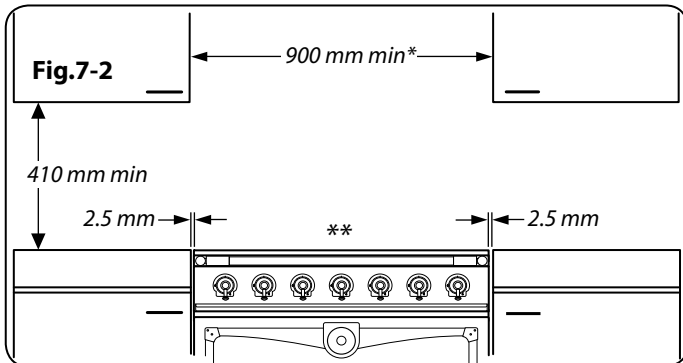
The hotplate surround should be level with, or above, any adjacent work surface. A gap of 75 mm should be left between each side of the cooker **ABOVE** the hotplate level and any adjacent vertical surface.

For non-combustible surfaces (such as unpainted metal or ceramic tiles) this can be reduced to 25 mm.

A minimum space of 650 mm is required between the top of the hotplate and a horizontal combustible surface.

**Any cooker hood should be installed in accordance with the hood manufacturer's instructions.*

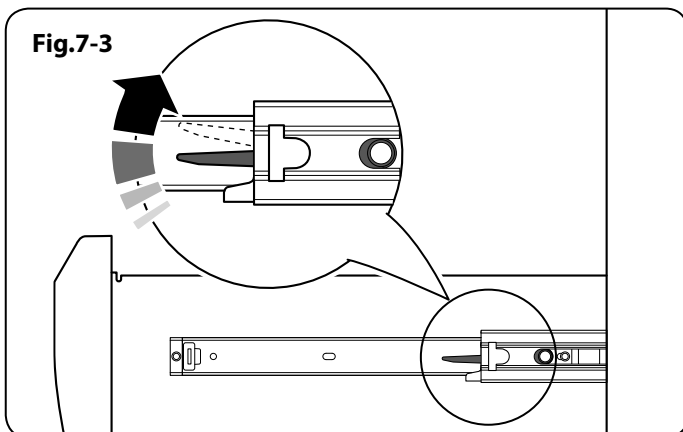
***Any splashback must be fitted in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Allowance should be made for the additional height of the flue trim, which is fitted to the cooker hob.*



Surfaces of furniture and walls at the sides and rear of the appliance should be heat, splash and steam resistant. Certain types of vinyl or laminate kitchen furniture are particularly prone to heat damage and discolouration. We cannot accept responsibility for damage caused by normal use of the cooker to any material that de-laminates or discolours at temperatures less than 65 °C above room temperature.

We recommend a gap of 905 mm between units to allow for moving the cooker. If a flush fit is required, fit the cooker up to the unit at one side then fit the unit the other side.

DO NOT box the cooker in – it must be possible to move the cooker in and out for cleaning and servicing.



Moving the Cooker

⚠ On no account try and move the cooker while it is plugged into the electricity supply.

⚠ The cooker is very heavy, so take great care.

We recommend two people manoeuvre the cooker. Make sure that the floor covering is firmly fixed, or removed to prevent it being disturbed when moving the cooker around. To help you, there are two levelling rollers at the back and two screw-down levelling feet at the front.

INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Removing the Drawer

Pull the drawer right out.

Push the ends of the plastic clips – down of the left-hand side, up on the right-hand side – to release the catches holding the drawer to the side rails (**Fig.7-3**). At the same time pull the drawer forwards and away from the side rails.

For safety's sake push the drawer runners back out of the way and put the drawer somewhere safe until the installation is complete.

Removing the Oven Door

To remove the oven door, open the door fully. Swivel the locking 'U' clips forward to the locking position (**Fig.7-4**). Grip the sides of the door, lift upwards and then slide the door forwards (**Fig.7-5**).

Lowering the Two Rear Rollers

To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker, first fit a 13 mm spanner or socket wrench onto the hexagonal adjusting nut (**Fig.7-6**). Rotate the nut – clockwise to raise – anti-clockwise to lower.

Make 10 complete (360°) turns clockwise.

Make sure you lower BOTH REAR ROLLERS.

Completing the Move

Unfold the rear edge of the cardboard base tray. Grip the fascia panel and lift the front of the cooker slightly (**Fig.7-7**).

Carefully push the cooker backwards off the pack base. Remove the pack base. Position the cooker close to its final position, leaving just enough space to get behind it.

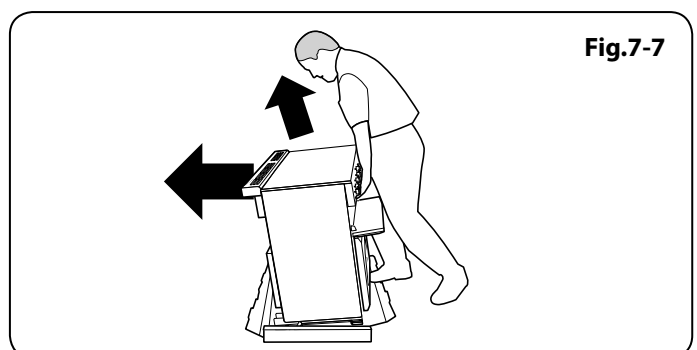
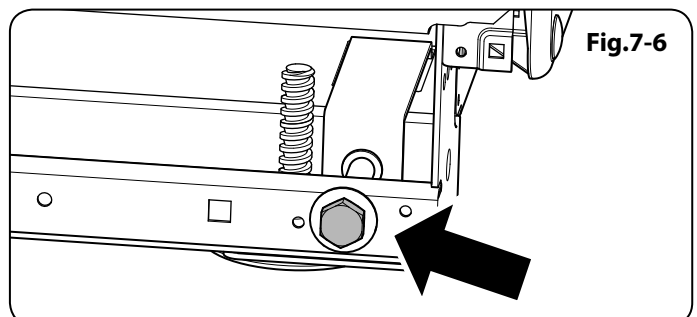
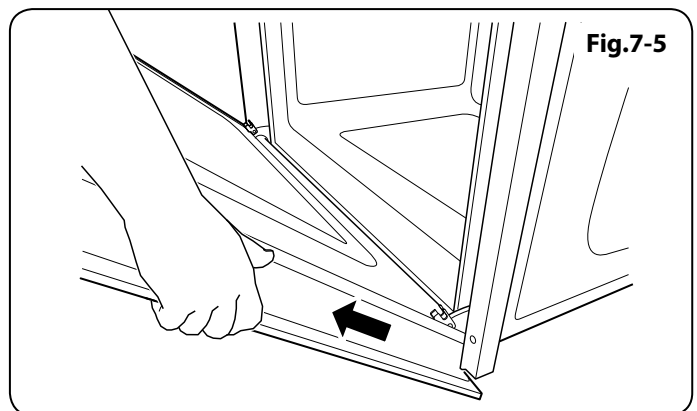
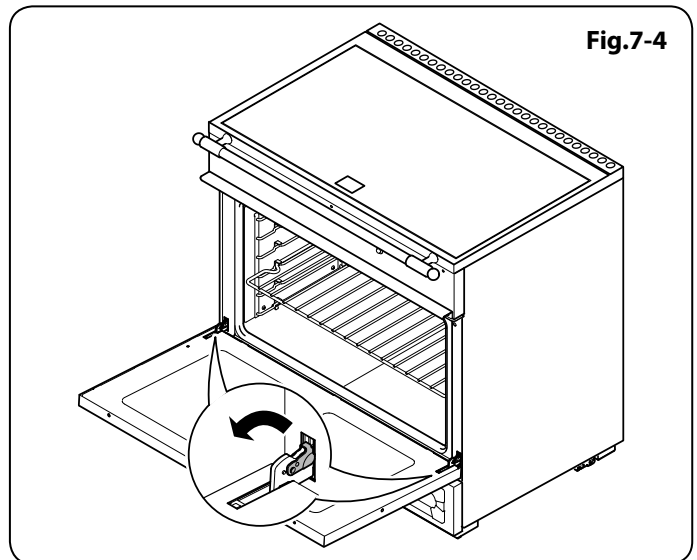
⚠ DO NOT use the control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.

Levelling

You are recommended to use a spirit level on a shelf in one of the ovens to check for level.

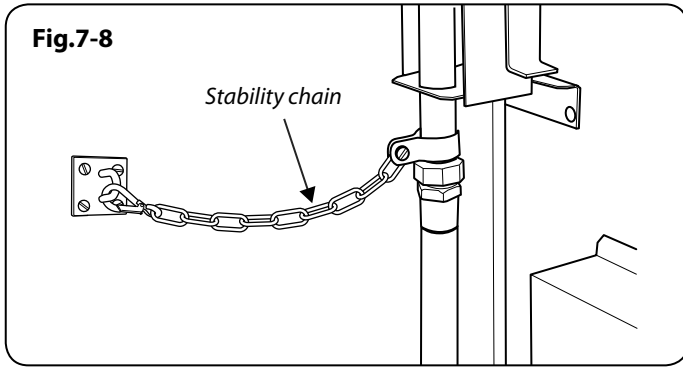
Place the cooker in its intended position, taking care not to twist it within the gap between the kitchen units as damage may occur to the cooker or the units.

The front feet and rear rollers can be adjusted to level the cooker. To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker turn the adjusting nuts at the front bottom corners of the cooker. To set the front feet turn the bases to raise or lower.



INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.



Fitting the Stability Bracket or Chain

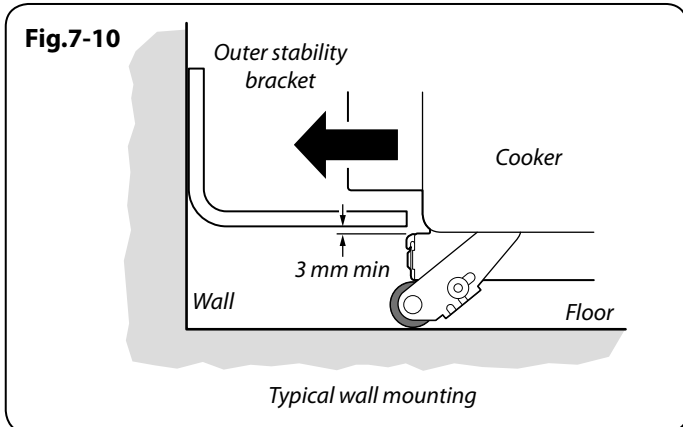
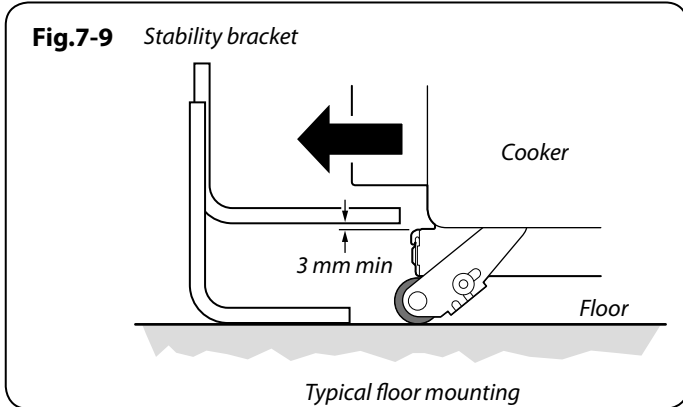
Unless otherwise stated, a cooker using a flexible gas connector must be secured with a suitable stability device.

Suitable stability devices are shown in **Fig.7-8**, **Fig.7-9** and **Fig.7-10**.

If you are using a stability chain (**Fig.7-8**) then the chain should be kept as short as is practicable and fixed firmly to the rear of the cooker.

If you are using a stability bracket (**Fig.7-9** and **Fig.7-10**), then adjust the bracket to give the smallest practicable clearance between the bracket and the engagement slot in the rear of the cooker.

Fit the bracket so that it engages as far as possible over the chassis of the cooker.



INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Electrical Connection

The cooker must be installed by a suitably qualified electrician to comply with the relevant electrical regulations, and also the local electricity supply company requirements.

⚠ WARNING: THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

Current Operated Earth Leakage Breakers

The combined use of your cooker and other domestic appliances may cause nuisance tripping, so we recommend that the cooker is protected on an individual RCD (Residual Current Device) or RCBO (Residual Current Breaker with Overload).

IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A SUITABLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.

Note: The cooker must be connected to the correct electrical supply as stated on the voltage label on the cooker, through a suitable cooker control unit incorporating a double pole switch, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.

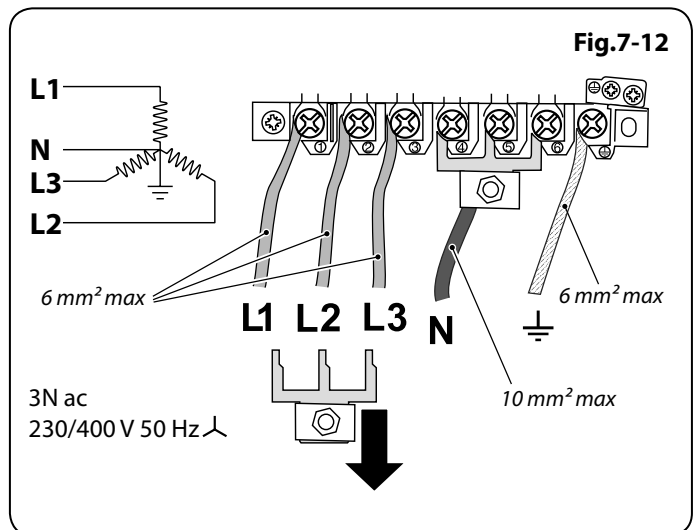
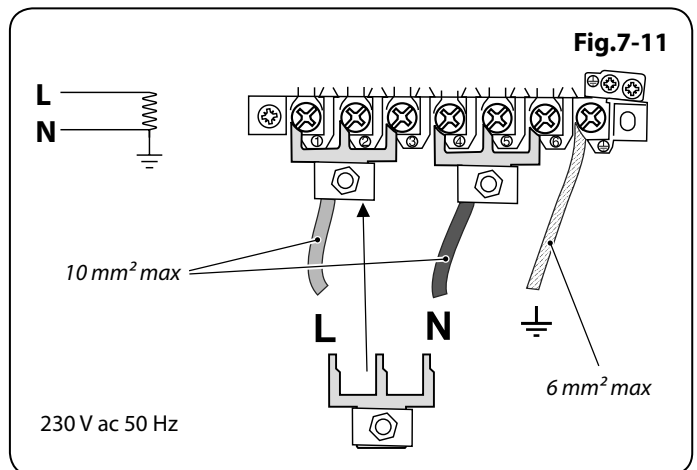
⚠ The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.

Access to the mains terminal is gained by removing the electrical terminal cover box on the back panel. Connect the mains cable to the correct terminals for your electrical supply type (**Fig.7-11** and **Fig.7-12**). Check that the connections are correctly fitted and that the terminal screws are tight. Secure the mains cable using the cable clamp.

Repositioning the Cooker Following Connection

If you need to move the cooker once it has been connected, make sure it is isolated at the electrical supply before gripping under the fascia panel and lifting the front of the cooker slightly (**Fig.7-7**). Check behind the cooker to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught. As you progress, always make sure that the cable has sufficient slack to allow the cooker to move.

When you replace the cooker, check behind it again once more to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught or trapped.



INSTALLATION

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Fig.7-13

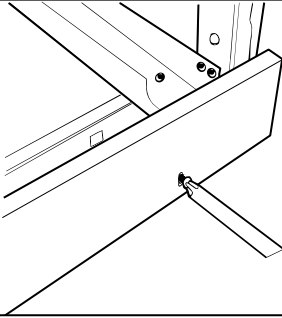


Fig.7-14

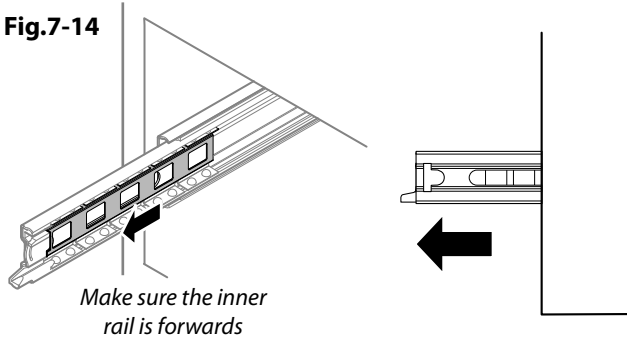
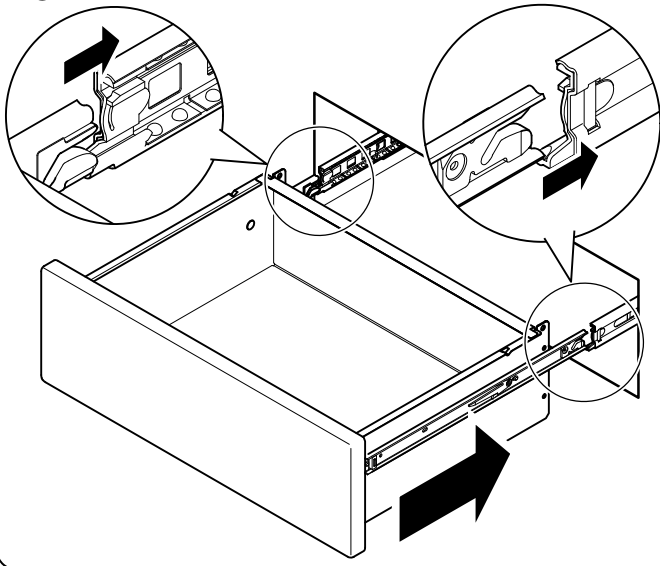


Fig.7-15



Final Checks

Hob Check

Check each cooking zone in turn. Be sure to use pans of the correct size and material.

Oven Check

Note: Make sure you have set the clock (see 'Section 2').

Turn on the oven(s). Check that the oven fans start to turn and it starts to heat up. Check that the oven lights are working.

Turn off the oven.

Note: The oven light bulb is not included in the guarantee.

Final Fitting

Fitting the Plinth

Remove the 3 screws for the plinth mounts along the front bottom edge of the range (**Fig.7-13**). Fasten the plinth using these screws (alternative colour screws can be found in the loose parts pack).

Refitting the Drawer

To refit the drawer, pull the side rails fully out (**Fig.7-14**). Carefully move the drawer back between the rails and rest it on the side rails.

At each side, hold the front of the drawer and pull the side rail forward so that the clips click into position, holding the drawer to the side rails (**Fig.7-15**).

Refitting the Oven Door

To refit the door, slide the hinges back into their slots. Rotate the locking 'U' clips back to fit onto the hinges.

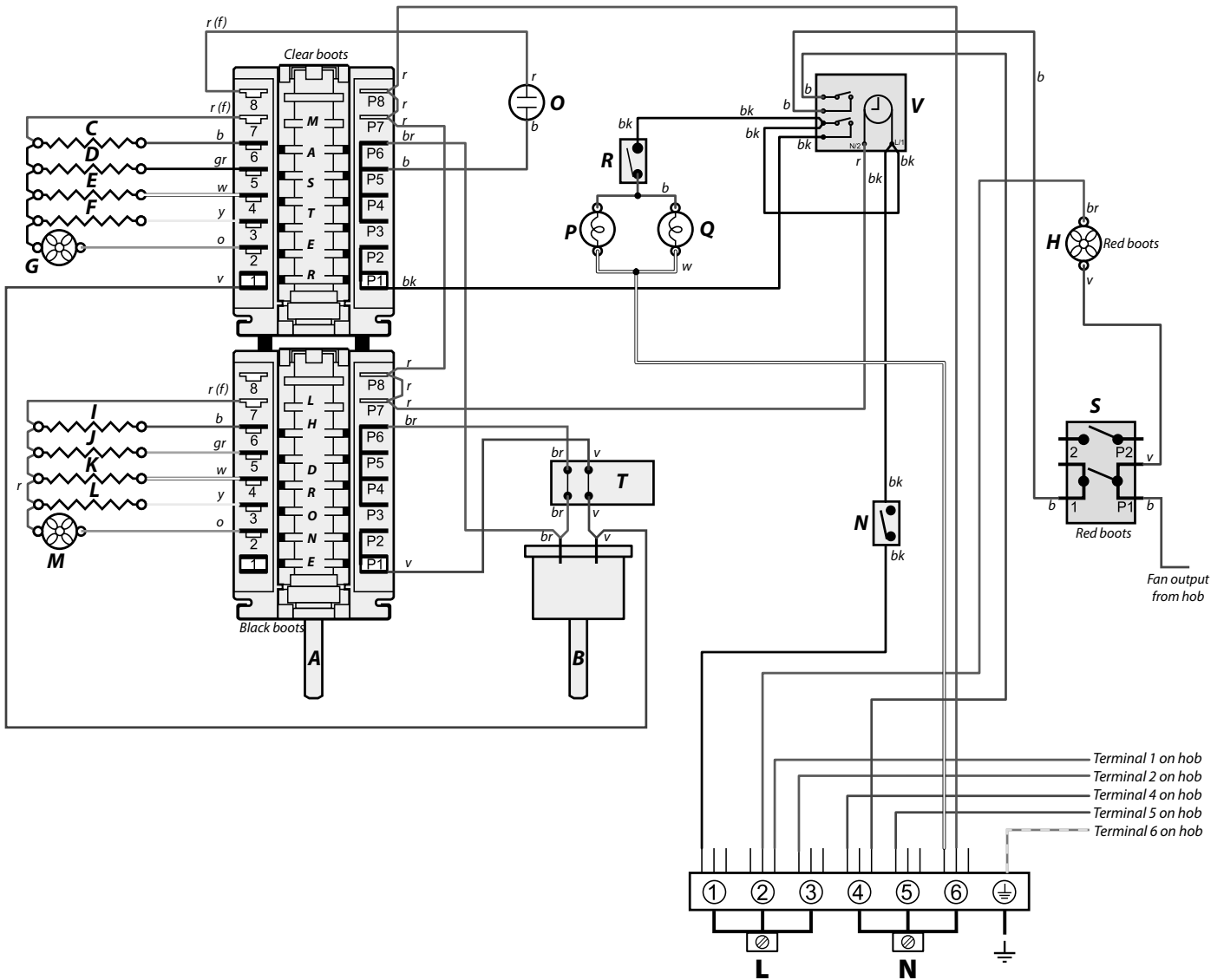
Customer Care

Please complete your details in this guide, inform the user how to operate the cooker and hand over the Instructions.

Thank you.

8. Circuit Diagram

Oven Circuit Diagram



Key

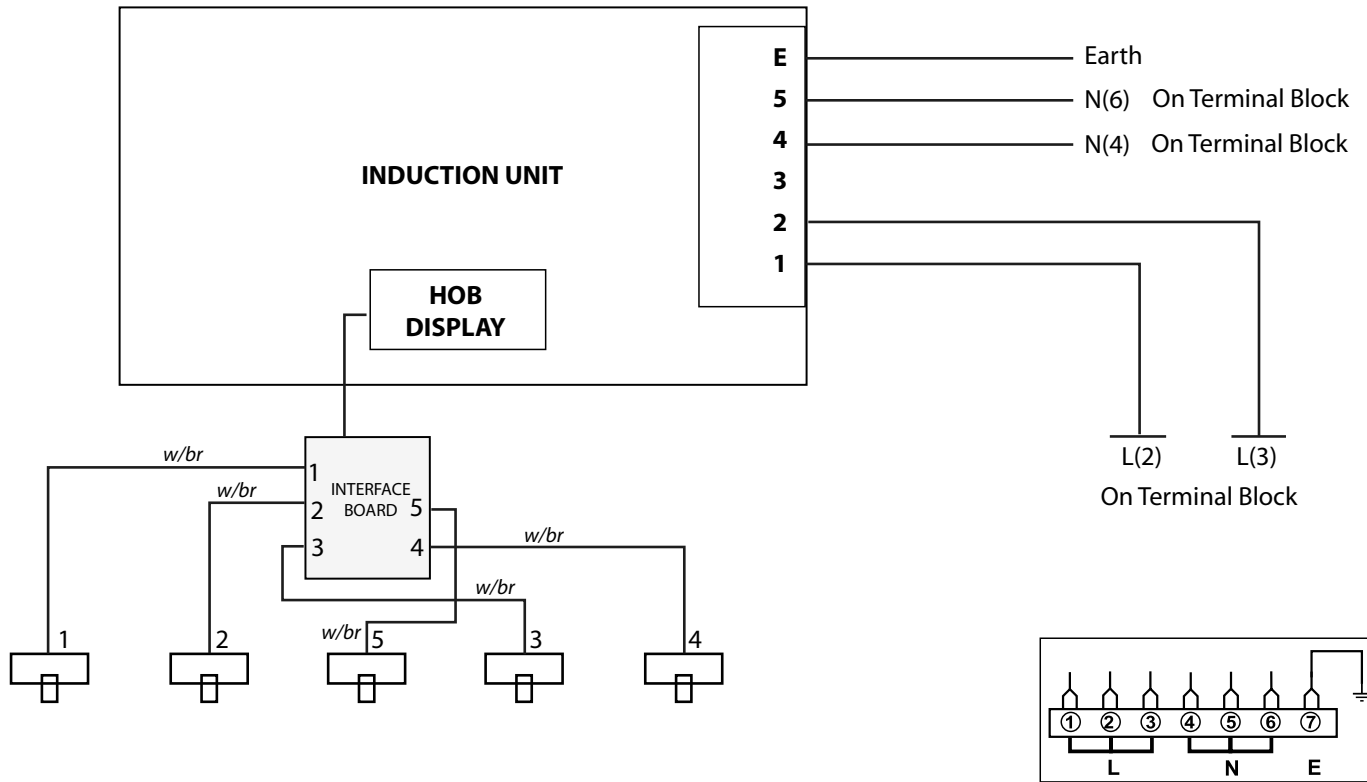
The connections shown in the circuit diagram are for single-phase. The ratings are for 230V 50Hz.

Code	Description
A	Function controller
B	Temperature controller
C	Right-hand bottom element
D	Right-hand top element (outer)
E	Right-hand top element (inner)
F	Right-hand fan element
G	Right-hand fan
H	Cooling fan
I	Left-hand bottom element
J	Left-hand top element (outer)
K	Left-hand top element (inner)

Code	Description
L	Left-hand fan element
M	Left-hand fan
N	Thermostat protection
O	Oven neon
P	Oven light
Q	Oven light
R	Oven light switch
S	Thermostat front switch
T	Divider switch
V	Timer

Code	Colour
b	Blue
br	Brown
bk	Black
or	Orange
r	Red
v	Violet
w	White
y	Yellow
g/y	Green/yellow
gr	Grey
r(f)	Red (flag)

Induction Hob Circuit Diagram



Code	Description
1	Left-hand front element
2	Left-hand back element
3	Right-hand back element
4	Right-hand front element
5	Centre element

Code	Colour
w/br	White or brown

9. Technical Data

INSTALLER: Please leave these instructions with the user.

DATA BADGE LOCATION: Inside base drawer of cavity. Remove the drawer.

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION: GB, IE, FR, NL, BE, DE, AT, SE, LU, CH.

Connections

Electric	230 / 400V 50Hz
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Dimensions

Overall height	minimum 905 mm	maximum 930 mm
Overall width	900 mm; see 'Positioning of Cooker'.	
Overall depth	605 mm to fascia; 650 mm over handles	
Minimum height above for cooktop	650 mm	

Ratings

Induction Hob	<i>Non-boost</i>	<i>Boost</i>
Left-hand front	1.15 kW	2.00 kW
Left-hand back	1.85 kW	2.50 kW
Centre back	1.85 kW	3.00 kW
Right-hand front	1.15 kW	2.00 kW
Right-hand back	1.85 kW	2.50 kW

Oven

	<i>Full</i>	<i>Divided</i>
Fan element	3.31 kW	1.65 kW
Top element	3.49 kW	1.75 kW
Browning element	2.11 kW	1.06 kW
Bottom element	1.38 kW	0.69 kW

Efficiencies

Oven	
Energy efficiency class on a scale of A (more efficient) to G (less efficient)	A
Energy consumption based on standard load	0.99 kWh
Usable volume (litres)	115
Size	Large
Time to cook standard load	44 minutes
Surface area of grid	2400 cm ²

Maximum total electric load 230 V (including oven fans, lights, etc.): 11 kW.

Name of Appliance & Colour*				
Appliance Serial Number*				
Fuel Type*	Natural Gas	<input type="checkbox"/>	LP Gas	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Dual Fuel	<input type="checkbox"/>	Electric	<input type="checkbox"/>
Retailer's Name & Address				
Date of Purchase				
Installer's Name & Address				
Installer's Telephone Number				
Date of Installation				

* This information is on the appliance data badge – look in the appliance instructions to find out where the data badge is located.

CONSUMER SERVICE

If you have any product enquiries, or in the event of a problem with your appliance once it has been installed, please telephone 0870 789 5107.

CONSUMER SERVICE LINES OPEN:

Monday to Thursday 8am–6pm
 Friday 8am–5pm
 Saturday 9am–1pm

WARRANTY

Your manufacturer warranty covers goods of our own brand for defective workmanship and materials for a period of 3 year from the date of purchase. This warranty covers mechanical breakdown and proven cosmetic and manufacturing defects.

To register for this guarantee simply fill in and return the FREEPOST registration form provided. Alternatively call free on 0800 694 4170, quoting reference FAGX91AN or register online at www.falconappliances.co.uk

Any damage, blemishes or chips identified upon receipt of the product must be reported within 90 days ñ proof of purchase may be required to establish validity. Scratches on the surface of ceramic hobs must be reported within 14 days. Scratches caused by usage are not covered. Accidental damage is not covered by the manufacturer's warranty.

For warranty compliance, the requirements are that the appliance:

- Has been correctly installed in accordance with current legislation, relevant British and European Standards and Codes of Practice, by a suitably competent person registered with Gas Safe or equivalent body and, where applicable, a qualified electrician.
- Has been used solely for domestic cooking purposes.
- Is in use in the UK*, has not been taken abroad as a personal export. (In the Republic of Ireland conditions may vary, so consult your retailer.)
- Is not second-hand or a refurbished appliance. The manufacturer's warranty is not transferable.
- Has not been subject to misuse, accidental damage or modification, and has not deteriorated due to normal domestic wear and tear, and the manufacturer's recommendations concerning cleaning materials have been followed.
- Has not been repaired by persons or organisations other than those authorised to act on behalf of AGA Rangemaster.

Exceptions:

- Items not included under the free 3 year guarantee include pan supports, griddles, wok rings, baking trays, grill pans, trivets, filters, light bulbs and other consumable accessories.
- Any damage caused other than through normal use.
- Breakdowns associated with cooking spillage.
- Cosmetic deterioration deemed to be normal wear and tear.

This warranty is in addition to your Statutory Rights.

* Only certain models can be adapted for use with Mains Gas supplied in the Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

OUT OF WARRANTY

We recommend that Falcon appliances are serviced regularly throughout their life to maintain optimum performance and efficiency. Service work should only be carried out by technically competent and suitably qualified personnel.

For your own safety, always make sure that work is carried out by a Gas Safe registered engineer for gas appliances or an approved electrician for electrical models.

For a competitive quote and to arrange for a Falcon approved engineer to attend, call Consumer Services on: 0870 789 5107.

SPARE PARTS

To maintain optimum and safe performance, we recommend that only genuine Falcon spare parts are used. These are available from most major spares stockists, including ourselves.

Contact Consumer Services on 0870 789 5107, who will be happy to help.

STANDARDS

Falcon cookers are designed and manufactured to a recognised international quality standard, which meets the requirements of BS EN ISO 9001, BS EN ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 for continually improving environmental procedures.

Falcon cookers comply with the essential requirements of the appropriate European Directives, and carry the CE mark.



DIVERTIMENTI

For over 45 years
DIVERTIMENTI, Falcon's
sister company, has
been the ultimate destination
for food lovers and serious
chefs alike. With its vast array
of cookware, tableware and
kitchenware, DIVERTIMENTI
caters to all your culinary needs.
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Falcon continuously seeks improvements in specification, design and production of products and thus, alterations take place periodically. Whilst every effort is made to produce up-to-date literature, this booklet should not be regarded as an infallible guide to current specification, nor does it constitute an offer for the sale of any particular appliance.

